1	J. Andrew Hirth (pro hac vice)				
2	Deputy General Counsel OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF MISSOURI				
	P.O. Box 899				
3	Jefferson City, Missouri 65102				
4	(573) 751 – 0818				
5	(573) 751 – 0774 (fax) andy.hirth@ago.mo.gov				
6	Lead Counsel for Plaintiffs				
7	UNITED STATES DISTRI	CT COURT			
8	EASTERN DISTRICT CALIFORNIA				
9					
10	THE STATE OF MISSOURI, ex rel.,				
	Chris Koster, Attorney General; THE STATE OF				
11	NEBRASKA, ex rel. Jon Bruning, Attorney				
12	General; THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel.				
13	E. Scott Pruitt, Attorney General; THE STATE OF ALABAMA, ex rel. Luther Strange, Attorney	Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN			
14	General; THE COMMONWEALTH OF				
	KENTUCKY, ex rel. Jack Conway, Attorney				
15	General; and TERRY E. BRANSTAD, Governor	JOINT STATUS REPORT ON THE PARTIES' RULE 26(f)			
16	of the State of Iowa,	CONFERENCE AND			
17		PROPOSED DISCOVERY			
18	Plaintiffs,	PLAN			
	v.	Courtroom: 3, 15th floor			
19	WANTA B HABBIG 11 : 1 CC : 1	Judge: Hon. Kimberly J.			
20	KAMALA D. HARRIS, solely in her official	Mueller Action Filed: 02/03/2014			
21	capacity as Attorney General of California; and KAREN ROSS, solely in her official capacity as	Hearing Date: 06/12/2014			
22	Secretary of the California Department of Food				
23	and Agriculture,				
24	Defendants,				
25	Berendants,				
	and THE HUMANE SOCIETY OF THE				
26	UNITED STATES and THE ASSOCIATION OF				
27	CALIFORNIA EGG FARMERS,				
28	Defendant-Intervenors.				

-1-

(Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

1	Plaintiffs Missouri, Nebraska, Kentucky, Oklahoma, Alabama, and Governor Branstad
2	(Plaintiffs); together with Defendants Attorney General Kamala D. Harris and Secretary Karen
3	Ross (California) and Defendant-Intervenors the Humane Society of the United States (HSUS)
4	and the Association of California Egg Farmers (ACEF), submit this Joint Status Report on the
5	Parties' Rule 26(f) Conference and Proposed Discovery Plan pursuant to the Court's February 4,
6	2014 Order Setting Status (Pretrial Scheduling) Conference on June 12, 2014, and its June 4,
7	2014 Minute Order extending the Parties' deadline for filing our joint status report until June 9,
8	2014.
9	(a) Summary of claims and defenses
10	Plaintiffs bring this two-count action to declare Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 25996-97
11	and Cal. Code Regs, tit. 3, §1350(d)(1) (collectively, the "Shell Egg Laws") unconstitutional and
12	permanently enjoin their enforcement. Count I alleges that the Shell Egg Laws discriminate
13	against, directly control, and substantially burden the sale of eggs from Plaintiff States to

consumers in California in violation of the dormant Commerce Clause, U.S. Const. art. I, sec. 8. Count II alleges that the Shell Egg Laws are also expressly preempted by the Egg Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. § 1031 et seq. California, HSUS, and ACEF contend that Plaintiffs lack Article III standing to challenge the constitutionality of the Shell Egg Laws; that the Shell

Egg laws do not discriminate against, directly control, or substantially burden interstate commerce; and that the Shell Egg Laws are not preempted by the Egg Products Inspection Act.

(b) Status of service upon all defendants

All Defendants have been served.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

(c) Possible joinder of additional parties

The Parties do not anticipate joinder of any additional parties.

(d) Contemplated amendments to pleadings

Plaintiffs anticipate no further amendments to their Amended Complaint.

(e) Statutory basis for jurisdiction and venue

This case presents a federal question allegedly arising under the Commerce and Supremacy Clauses of the Constitution of the United States, 42 U.S.C. §1983, and 42 U.S.C.

> -2-(Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

1	§1988. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§1331 and 1343(a)(3).		
2	Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(1) because the Attorney General of		
3	California maintains an office within the Eastern District of California.		
4	(f) Anticipated discovery		
5	The parties anticipate conducting all forms of discovery permitted under Federal Rules of		
6	Civil Procedure. They do not anticipate any need to deviate from the procedures or limits		
7	imposed by those Rules.		
8	(g) Contemplated dispositive or other motions		
9	Both California and HSUS have pending motions to dismiss, and ACEF has a pending		
10	motion to dismiss or for judgment on the pleadings. If the Amended Complaint survives these		
11	motions, Plaintiffs anticipate moving for preliminary injunctive relief before the end of the year.		
12	California, HSUS, and ACEF reserve all rights to oppose any request for preliminary injunctive		
13	relief including, but not limited to, its timeliness. All parties anticipate moving for summary		
14	judgment following discovery.		
15	(h) Proposed discovery and trial schedule		
16	The parties disagree about the time necessary to conduct discovery and resolve this case.		
17	as set forth in the following alternative scheduling proposals:		
18	Proposal from Plaintiffs, California, and HSUS		
19	Plaintiffs, California, and HSUS believe they will need approximately ten months to		
20	complete fact and expert discovery. Accordingly, they propose the following schedule:		
21	• Rule 26(a)(1) Initial Disclosures due July 1, 2014		
22	 Reports of Plaintiffs' experts due October 20, 2014 		
23	 Reports of Defendants' experts due November 20, 2014 		
24	 Deposition of Plaintiffs' experts concluded by January 31, 2015 		
25	 Deposition of Defendants' experts concluded by February 28, 2015 		
26	 All discovery (both fact and expert) closes April 1, 2015 		
27	 Dispositive motions due May 1, 2015 		
28	 Final Pretrial Conference on August 20, 2015 		
	- 3 - (Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)		

(Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

11

12

• Trial held the week of September 22, 2015. ¹

Proposal from ACEF

ACEF opposes the schedule proposed above and instead proposes the following more expedited alternative schedule:

- Rule 26(a)(1) Initial Disclosures due July 1, 2014
- Reports of Plaintiffs' experts due August 22, 2014
- Reports of Defendants' experts due September 19, 2014
- All discovery (both fact and expert) closes October 3, 2014
- Dispositive motions due October 24, 2014

ACEF believes it is of critical importance that the Court be in a position to issue a decision regarding the validity of the Shell Egg Laws as soon as possible and in all events before those laws take effect on January 1, 2015.² In ACEF's view, Plaintiffs' constitutional and preemption

Plaintiffs disagree that merits discovery should be delayed for HSUS to conduct purely jurisdictional discovery and respectfully suggest that any inquiry into Plaintiffs' standing can be conducted concurrently with discovery on the merits of Plaintiffs' claims.

HSUS agrees with California and does not believe there is any urgency for the Court to decide the issues raised, which Plaintiffs have known about for some time. Three dispositive motions are now pending and will be heard on August 22. The Court's ruling on those motions is an important starting point for whatever other motions may be filed. ACEF's proposed schedule will force the Court and parties to undertake simultaneous preparation and briefing of four substantive motions (Defendants/HSUS' motions to dismiss; ACEF's motion to dismiss/for judgment on the pleadings; Plaintiffs' proposed preliminary injunction; and multiple motions for summary judgment).

While Plaintiffs generally agree with California and HSUS on the proposed discovery and trial schedule, Plaintiffs agree with ACEF that it is important for the Court to have an opportunity to consider some of the issues in this case—at least on a preliminary basis—before the Shell Egg Laws go into effect on January 1, 2015. Accordingly, Plaintiffs have intended from the outset to move for a preliminary injunction in enough time for the Court to consider the

- 4 - (Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

¹ HSUS also notes that these dates may need to be changed, dependent on the Court's ruling on the motions to dismiss. In its motion, HSUS requested jurisdictional discovery on the issue of standing, should the motion be denied. In the event the Court grants the opportunity to engage in jurisdictional discovery, HSUS contends that such discovery should be completed—and the Court's jurisdiction determined—before proceeding with fact and expert discovery.

² California does not agree that the parties' Joint Report on their Rule 26(f) Conference is the appropriate document in which parties should make extended arguments regarding discovery. If the Court would like to entertain such arguments, Defendants request leave to do so in an appropriate context.

challenges to the Shell Egg Laws present only questions of law that can and should be resolved
in connection with the pending motions to dismiss, which are scheduled to be heard August 22,
2014. ³ In the meantime, however, ACEF proposes an expedited schedule for conducting
discovery and filing motions for summary judgment, so that this case can be resolved promptly
in the event the Court concludes that consideration of factual material beyond the pleadings is
required. ACEF believes its proposed schedule provides more than adequate time to complete
discovery and would make it possible for this Court to issue a decision on the Parties' summary
judgment motions in 2014 before the Shell Egg Laws take effect. Plaintiffs have also indicated
that they seek guidance from the Court in advance of January 1, 2015. But rather than adopt an
expedited schedule for litigating this case, Plaintiffs (along with California and HSUS) have
proposed a schedule that calls for discovery to continue until April 1, 2015, with dispositive
motions to follow. Instead of attempting to resolve the case in 2014 at summary judgment,
Plaintiffs state that they plan at some later point in time to file a motion for a preliminary
injunction, which they will ask the Court to resolve before January 1, 2015. ACEF respectfully
suggests that, rather than plan months in advance to litigate a preliminary injunction motion, the
parties should put themselves and the Court in a position to resolve Plaintiffs' challenges at
summary judgment.
(i) Methods that can be used from the outset to avoid unnecessary proof and

(i) Methods that can be used from the outset to avoid unnecessary proof and cumulative evidence; anticipated restrictions on the use of expert testimony

One or more of the Parties anticipates factual disputes concerning (a) the extent to which the Shell Egg Laws burden interstate commerce, (b) the extent to which the Shell Egg Laws benefit local interests in California, (c) whether the Shell Egg Laws' burden on interstate commerce outweighs their local benefits, (d) whether the Shell Egg Laws bestow an economic

likelihood of Plaintiffs' success on the merits before the end of this year. Plaintiffs did not file a motion for preliminary injunction on the same day they filed their complaint—nearly a year before the Shell Egg Laws' effective date—because there would have been nothing for the Court to enjoin at that time.

³ ACEF opposed the other parties' request to move the hearing from June 6 to August 22 and continues to believe that an earlier hearing would be in the interest of all parties and the Court.

-5 - (Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

advantage on California egg producers over egg producers outside of California, and (e) whether				
the Shell Egg Laws have the practical effect of regulating the sale of eggs wholly outside				
California. Defendants do not concede that resolution of Plaintiffs' constitutional and				
preemption claims requires fact finding on these issues. The parties anticipate that they would				
attempt to stipulate to many other facts prior to summary judgment and trial (should one be				
necessary).				
(j) Special trial procedures				
The parties have not consented to have this case heard by a magistrate judge and do not				
currently believe any special trial procedures are necessary.				
(k) Standard pretrial procedures	(k) Standard pretrial procedures			
The parties do not propose any modification of standard pre-trial procedures.				
(l) Related cases.				
The parties are not aware of any related cases pending in this district.				
(m)Timing of Settlement Discussions				
As this case concerns the constitutionality of California law, settlement negotiations				
would not be productive.	would not be productive.			
(n) Other matters	(n) Other matters			
As the relief sought by Plaintiffs in this	case is equitable and declaratory in nature, there			
will be no jury demand. The parties are not aw	are of any other matters to bring to the Court's			
attention at this time.				
Date: June 9, 2014	Respectfully submitted,			
CHRIS KOSTER	KAMALA D. HARRIS			
Attorney General of Missouri	Attorney General of California			
/s/ J. Andrew Hirth	/s/ Susan K. Smith			
J. ANDREW HIRTH	SUSAN K. SMITH			
Deputy General Counsel	Deputy Attorney General			
(pro hac vice)	Attorneys for Defendants Attorney			
Attorneys for State of Missouri	General Kamala D. Harris and			
	Secretary Karen Ross			

-6-

(Case No. 2:14-cv-00341-KJM-KJN)

1	JON BRUNING Attorney General of Nebraska	SCHIFF HARDIN LLP
2	Autorney General of Neuraska	/s/ Bruce Wagman
3	/s/ Blake Johnson	BRUCE WAGMAN
4	BLAKE JOHNSON Assistant Attorney General	Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenor the Humane Society of the United
5	(pro hac vice)	States
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff State of Nebraska	WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE
7	·	AND DORR LLP
8	JACK CONWAY	/s/ Brian M. Boynton
9	Attorney General of Kentucky	BRIAN M. BOYNTON
	/s/ Joseph Newberg	Attorneys for Defendant-Intervenor the Association of California Egg
10	JOSEPH NEWBURG	Farmers
11	Assistant Attorney General (pro hac vice)	
12	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
13	Commonwealth of Kentucky	
14	A MANAGE CARD A MAGE	
15	LUTHER STRANGE Attorney General of Alabama	TERRY E. BRANSTAD
16	-	Governor of the State of Iowa
17	/s/ Robert D. Tambling ROBERT D. TAMBLING	THOMAS J. MILLER
18	Chief, Environmental Section	Attorney General of Iowa
19	(pro hac vice) Attorneys for Plaintiff	/s/ Jacob J. Larson
20	State of Alabama	JACOB J. LARSON
		Assistant Attorney General (pro hac vice)
21	E. Scott Pruitt, OBA#15828	Attorneys for Plaintiff
22	Oklahoma Attorney General	Terry E. Branstad, Governor of the State of Iowa
23	/s/ P. Clayton Eubanks	co.cc. of the state of 10 ha
24	P. Clayton Eubanks	
25	Deputy Solicitor General (pro hac vice)	
26	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
27	State of Oklahoma	