Tom Duebendorfer - Professional Wetland Scientist, Biologist

RECEIVED

JUN 2 2 2007

REGULATORY DIVISION
COEUR D'ALTORIE 16, 2007

Beth Reinhart US Army Corps of Engineers ID Panhandle National Forest Building 3815 Schreiber Way Coeur d'Alene ID 83815

Re: Sudnikovich Property, Nordman Area, Bonner Co, ID

Sackett Wetland Issues

Dear Beth:

I was asked to examine the site where fill from a property owned by Chantell Sackett was deposited. Please review the enclosed documents. I do not believe the site used as a "dumpsite" for wetland soils is wetland.

If you have any further questions or concerns, or require any additional information, please do not hesitate to call.

Thank you,

Tom Duebendorfer, PWS

c: Wetland Letter Report; Figures, Data Sheets, Photographs

Mike and Chantell Sackett PO Box 425 Nordman, Idaho 83848 443-2297 chantell@moosebytes.net

Re:

Sudnikovich Property, Nordman area, Bonner County, ID Assessment of Wetland Potential at "dumpsite"

Dear Chantell:

Per your request, on June 15, 2007, I investigated the Sudnikovich property to assess the potential that fill may have been placed in a regulated "Water of the US". The material originated from your "wetland" property on Kalispell Bay Road. The underlying material on that lot was not suitable for the construction of a building pad and home—thus the Sudnikovich property was chosen as the depository for the wetland soils prior to deposition of gravel on that lot (Tax #107, 12-60N-5W).

The Sudnikovich property is a privately owned parcel located in the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 34, Township 61 North, Range 5 West, B.M., just west of where Kalispell Road leaves State Route 57 near Milepost 34. I investigated the area surrounding the recently placed material to determine if the material could have been placed on an existing wetland. I used the US Army Corps of Engineers 1987 Methodology to determine if the area adjacent the fill could be identified as jurisdictional wetland using that methodology, completed three formal Data Plots, and took photographs of the area surrounding the placed material (see accompanying figures).

Existing Conditions

The area surrounding the recently placed material consists of a benched area south of, and topographically above the Kalispell Creek channel. Evidently there was some fill placed (and possibly formed a portion of the bench) in the 1960's by the Idaho Transportation Department during re-alignment of State Route 57 at the junction of Kalispell Creek Road and SR 57. Thus vegetatively, the benched area would be considered "disturbed". There is a roadside ditch along the north side of Kalispell Creek Road from a short entrance road into the property, which shunts the Hager Lake watershed runoff to the west where it connects with another ditch running roughly north to discharge into Kalispell Creek (see attached figures).

Near the road, the topography gradually drops toward the creek area where the bench becomes the creek "top-of-bank" (roughly three feet higher than present water level). The overall drop in slope of the bench is shallow, but probably approaches 8 feet from the road to the top-of-bank over a distance of roughly 200 feet.

A short length of silt fence was placed approximately 8 feet from the top-of-bank of Kalispell Creek near the northern edge of the fill. The fill is about 15 feet back from the silt fence. The area of fill is roughly 75 feet by 108 feet (ca. 8,100 square feet in extent) and ranges from 1 foot to about 4 feet higher than the surrounding ground.

Kalispell Creek flows roughly east to southeast and was about 3 to 5 feet wide and less than one foot deep during the mid-June site investigation. The top-of-bank was about 3 feet plus higher than the observed water level on that date. The bank is dominated by spiraea, snowberry, serviceberry, and scattered patchy willow and alder.

Results of Site Investigation

<u>Vegetation</u> in the relatively flat bench consists primarily of quackgrass (FAC-), tansy (NI), Kentucky bluegrass (FAC), Canada thistle (FACU), with lesser amounts of patchy canarygrass (FACW) nearer the north-trending ditch, and scattered patches of *Carex microptera* (FAC), red fescue (FAC), and cow parsnip (FAC). Overall, the vegetation is not hydrophytic though some small areas are dominated by FAC species.

Soils were investigated at three formal Data Plots. The upper horizon is a 10YR 3/2 silt loam with few, fine, faint 7.5YR 4/4 and 4/5 redoximorphic features from about 14" and below. The second horizon is a fine to medium-textured light-colored sand ranging in depth from about 9" closest to the creek (at Data Plot 1) to 16" (at Data Plot 3). Strong hydric indicators were not observed.

Hydrology (free water or even moist soils) were not noted in any of the soil pits. There was one small (20' by 25') area near the southwest edge of the filled material that appeared to have evidence of short-term early spring ponding (at Data Plot 3; see Figure 3 and the Photographs). Otherwise I did not see any indication of surface ponding near the edge of fill out to more than 75 feet from the edge of fill. It appears extremely unlikely that high flows from Kalispell Creek would enter and saturate the bench area: it does not appear to be an active floodplain.

Conclusion

Based on the three data plots and time spent walking the entire area surrounding the recently placed material, it is my professional opinion that except for a very small (2' wide by 10' long) area of the upper terminus of the roadside ditch, the fill was not placed on a wetland, and the immediately surrounding area (out to about 75 feet or more from the edge of fill to the west) would not be considered jurisdictional wetland per the 1987 Corps Wetland Delineation Manual. The north edge of the recently placed material lies about 23 feet from the top-of-bank of Kalispell Creek where I would draw the wetland/upland boundary in that area.

Thus my interpretation of the site conditions as they exist today is that the fill was not placed in a wetland.

Should you have any questions concerning this letter report, please call me at (208) 290-5992.

Sincerely,

Tom Duebendorfer, PWS

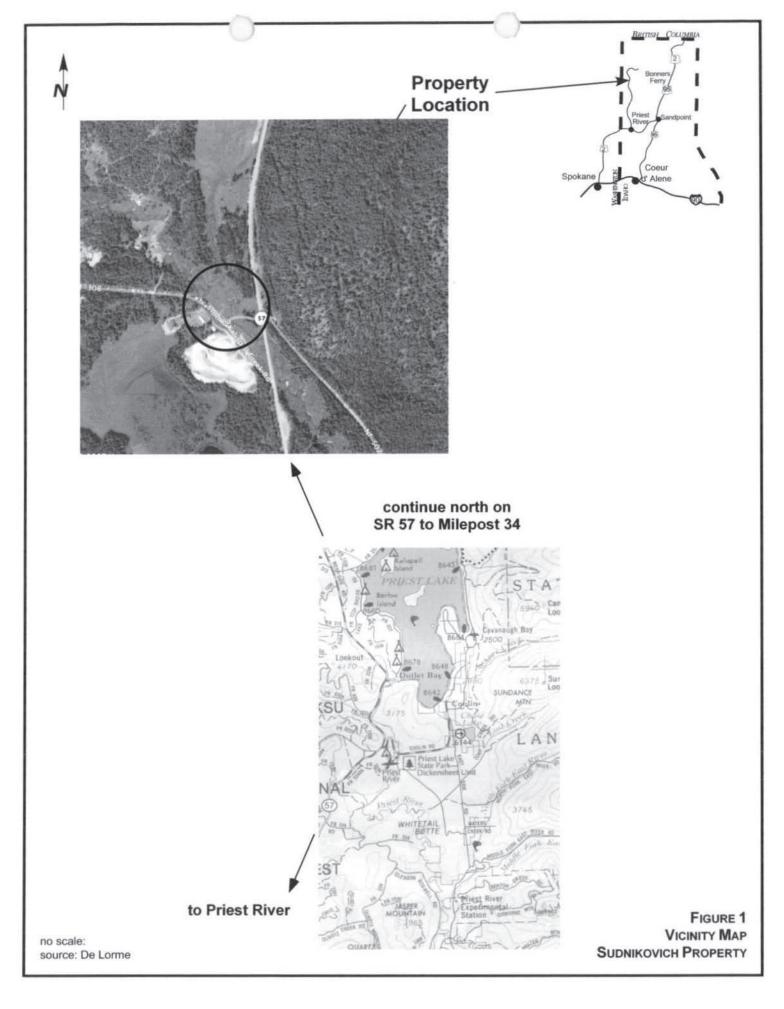
encls: Figure 1 - Vicinity Map

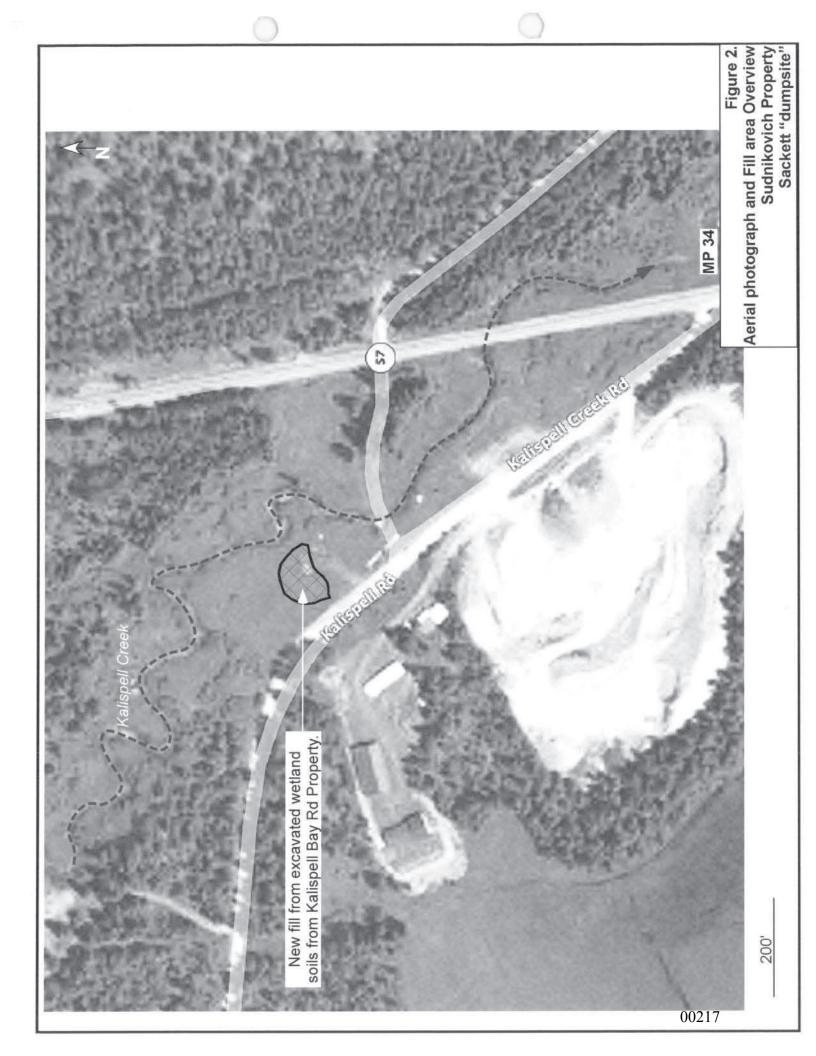
Figure 2 - Aerial Photograph and Overview Location Map

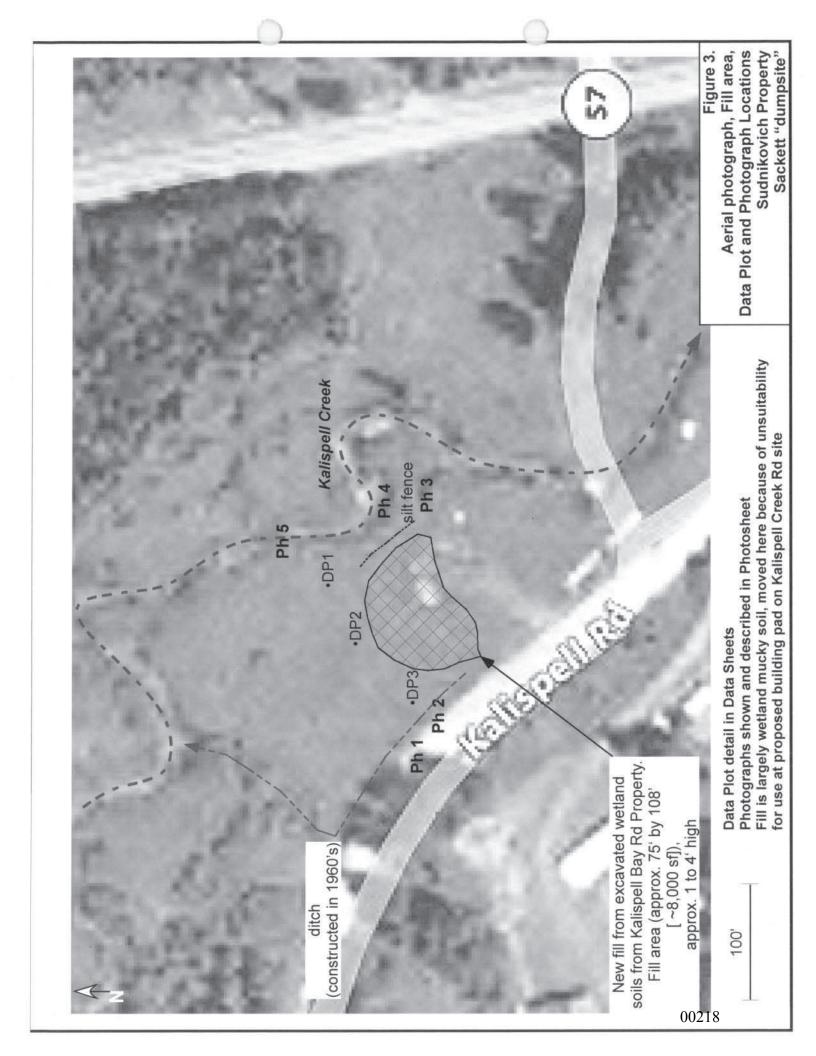
Figure 3 - Aerial Photograph, Fill, Data Plot, and Photograph Location Map

Photograph Sheets (2)

Data Forms (3)







Photograph Sheet #1 (6/15/07)

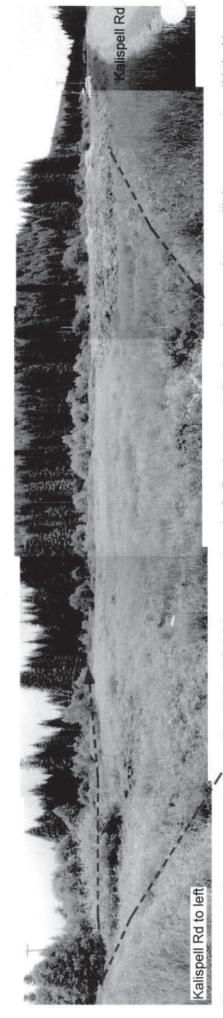
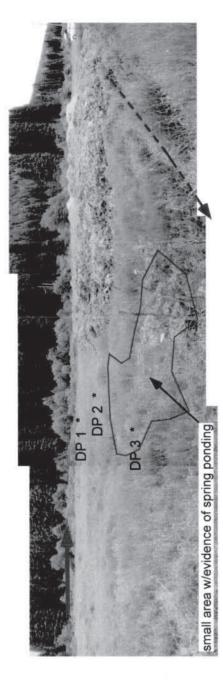
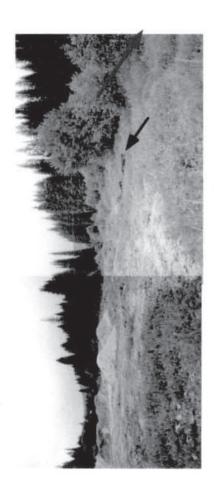


Photo-montage 1: View west -> north -> east from Kalispell Rd. View across "meadow". Dominant vegetation is quackgrass and tansy, with lesser amounts or thistle, bluegrass, and canarygrass. Blue lines are ditches excavated (probably) in mid-1960's when original area was filled (by ITD) as main road was moved east to present location.



thistle, bluegrass, and canarygrass. Closed blue line indicates only area noted with some evidence of short-term seasonal ponding (possibly to 6"?). Vegetation at Data Plot 3 is quackgrass and tansy. Soils were 10YR 3/2 to a sand layer at 16". Very slight to no mottling. arrow (spiraea and willows). Dominant vegetation in meadow is quackgrass and tansy, with lesser amounts of Photo-montage 2: View north from Kalispell Rd. View across "meadow". Kalispell Creek in background at red

Photograph Sheet #2 (6/15/07)



Photomontage #3: View from north end of fill, view west. Creek at right (red arrow). Silt fence at black arrow. Silt fence is 15' north of edge of fill. Top-of-bank of creek is 8' north of silt fence. Wetland edge is at top-of-bank.



Photomontage #4: View west from creek near top-of-bank of creek. Comments as in Photo #3. Only vegetation at top-of-bank is wetland.



tansy and quackgrass; few cow parsnip, and (possibly) remnant sedge (less than 3% overall in "meadow"). Other grasses include Kentucky bluegrance Photomontage #5: View from northwest end of fill, view south and west. Creek at right (red arrow). Data Plots shown. This vegetation is disturbed, heavy it orchardgrass, canarygrass (few patches) and fescue. Overall, the vegetation is not hydrophytic, though some hydrophytes are present in small cover amounts. Soils at the Data Plots all similar - 10YR 3/2 with few, fine, faint mottling (7.5YR 4/4) with a sand layer at 9" (DP 1), 14" (DP 2); and 16" (DP 3). No strong hy indicators, nor was there evidence of ponding in majority of meadow. No hydrology in soils, nor were the soils moist at 16".

DATA FORM WETLAND DETERMINATION

Project/Site:	Sudnikovich Pro	operty		Date:	6/15/07
Applicant/Owner:	Sudnikovich (dumpsite of dred	lged material b	y Sackett)	County:	Bonner
Investigator:	Tom Duebendorfer	r, PWS		State:	ID
Do Normal Circumsta	nces exist on the site?	Yes X	No	Community ID:	
Is the site significantly	disturbed (Atypical Situation):	Yes	No X	Transect ID:	
Is the area a potential	Problem Area?	Yes	No X	Plot ID:	1

VEGETATION

	VEGET	ATION			
Species	Indicator Status	Areal Cover (%)	Cover Class	Cover Class Midpoint	Rank
Herbs:					
Elytrigia repens	FAC-	70	5	63.0	1
Tanacetum vulgare	NI	50	4	38.0	1
Phalaris arundinacea	FACW	10	2	10.5	2
Shrubs:					
Saplings:					
					•••••••
Trees:					
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FA	ACW, or FAC, excluding	FAC-:		0%	

Cover class midpoints: T<1% (none): 1=1-5% (3.0); 2=6-15% (10.5); 3=16-25% (20.5); 4=26-50% (38.0); 5=51-75% (63.0); 6=76-95% (85.5); 7=96-100% (98.0).

To determine the dominant species, first rank the species by the midpoints of their cover classes. Then, cumulatively sum the midpoints of the ranked species until 50% of the total for all species' midpoints (for each layer) is immediately exceeded. All species contributing to that cumulative total plus any additional species having 20% of the total midpoint value should be considered dominants, and marked with an asterisk.

SOILS

Map Unit Na	Unit Name (Series and Phase):		unmapped	by the USDA	Draina	ige Class:	unknown
Taxonomic	Classification:		un	known	On hydric soils list?		unknown
			Soil Pr	ofile Description	n		
Depth	Horizon	Matrix Color	Mottle Color	Mottle Abundand		Texture, Concretion	
0 - 9"	l A	10YR 4/3		none		silt	loam
9"+	В	light	<u> </u>	few, fine,	faint	fine	sand
Hydric Soil	Indicators:	NONE		Concret	ions		
		Epipedon				nt in Surface Layer	in Sandy Soils
	Sulfidio					n Sandy Soils	
	Aquic N	Moisture Regime		Listed o	n Local Hyd	Iric Soils List	
	Reduci	ng Conditions		Listed o	n National F	lydric Soils List	
	Gleyed	or Low Chroma Co	lors	Other (e	xplain in rer	marks)	
Remarks:	Hydric indica	ators not observed					

HYDROLOGY

none Recorded Data (describe in remarks)		ta (describe in rema	(s) We	tland Hydrology Indicators:	none
	Stream, Lake	, or Tidal Gage		Primary Indicators:	
	Aerial Photog	raphs		Inundated	
	Other (explain	n in remarks)		Saturated in Upper 12	Inches
	No recorded [Data available		Water Marks	
				Sediment Deposits	
					Vallanda
iald Observatio	ne:		1	Drainage Patterns in V	vetiands
Field Observatio	ns:			Drainage Patterns in V Secondary Indicators (2 or more	
Field Observation		>>16" inch	es	13 CD 2000 GT 1 ♥ 1 = 11 = 24 × 0.0 000 U U NE 13	e required):
		>>16" inch	es	Secondary Indicators (2 or more	e required): els in upper 12"
	e Water:	>>16" inch		Secondary Indicators (2 or more Oxidized Root Channe	e required): els in upper 12"
	e Water:			Secondary Indicators (2 or more Oxidized Root Channe Water-Stained Leaves	e required): els in upper 12"

WETLAND DETERMINATION

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	NO		
Hydric Soils Present?	NO	Is this Data Plot within a wetland?	NO
Wetland Hydrology Present?	NO		

DATA FORM WETLAND DETERMINATION

Project/Site:	Sudnikovich Pro	perty		Date:	6/15/07
Applicant/Owner:	Sudnikovich (dumpsite of dred	ged material by	Sackett)	County:	Bonner
Investigator:	Tom Duebendorfer	, PWS		State:	ID
Do Normal Circumstar	nces exist on the site?	Yes X	No	Community ID:	
Is the site significantly	disturbed (Atypical Situation):	Yes	No X	Transect ID:	
Is the area a potential	Problem Area?	Yes	No X	Plot ID:	2

	VEGET	ATION			
Species	Indicator Status	Areal Cover (%)	Cover	Cover Class Midpoint	Rank
Herbs:					
Poa pratensis	FAC	40	4	38.0	1
Tanacetum vulgare	NI	50	4	38.0	1
Cirsium arvense	FACU	25	3	20.5	2
Carex microptera	FAC	5	1	3.0	3
Shrubs:					
Saplings:					
Trees:					

Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FA	ACW, or FAC, excluding I	FAC-:		50%	

Cover class midpoints: T<1% (none): 1=1-5% (3.0); 2=6-15% (10.5); 3=16-25% (20.5); 4=26-50% (38.0); 5=51-75% (63.0); 6=76-95%(85.5); 7 = 96-100% (98.0).

To determine the dominant species, first rank the species by the midpoints of their cover classes. Then, cumulatively sum the midpoints of the ranked species until 50% of the total for all species' midpoints (for each layer) is immediately exceeded. All species contributing to that cumulative total plus any additional species having 20% of the total midpoint value should be considered dominants, and marked with an asterisk.

SOILS

Soil Profile Description	Map Unit Na	p Unit Name (Series and Phase):		unmapped	by the USDA	Draina	ige Class:	unknown
Depth Horizon Matrix Color Mottle Color Mottle Abundance/Contrast Texture, Concretions, Structure 0 - 12" A 10YR 4/3 none silt loam 12-14" A2 10YR 3/2 7.5YR 4/4 few, fine, faint silt loam 14" + B light none fine sand Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy Soils Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on National Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List	Taxonomic	Classification:		un	known	known On hydric soils list?		unknown
Depth Horizon Matrix Color Mottle Color Mottle Abundance/Contrast Texture, Concretions, Structure 0 - 12" A 10YR 4/3 none silt loam 12-14" A2 10YR 3/2 7.5YR 4/4 few, fine, faint silt loam 14" + B light none fine sand Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy Soils Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on National Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List				Soil Pr	ofile Description	1		
12-14" A2 10YR 3/2 7.5YR 4/4 few, fine, faint silt loam 14" + B light none fine sand Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List Listed on National Hydric Soils List	Depth	Horizon		The second secon	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	The same of the sa	Texture, Concretions	, Structure, etc.
12-14" A2 10YR 3/2 7.5YR 4/4 few, fine, faint silt loam 14" + B light none fine sand Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List	0 - 12"	A	10YR 4/3					
14" + B light none fine sand Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List	12-14"	A2	10YR 3/2					
Hydric Soil Indicators: NONE Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List		:			none		fine sa	nd
Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List		<u> </u>						
Histosol Concretions Histic Epipedon High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List	***************************************	<u> </u>					***************************************	
Histic Epipedon Sulfidic Odor Aquic Moisture Regime Reducing Conditions High Organic Content in Surface Layer in Sandy So Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Listed on National Hydric Soils List	Hydric Soil	ndicators:	NONE					
Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List		Histoso	ol		Concret	ions		
Aquic Moisture Regime Listed on Local Hydric Soils List Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List		Histic E	pipedon		High Org	ganic Conte	nt in Surface Layer in	Sandy Soils
Reducing Conditions Listed on National Hydric Soils List		Sulfidio	Odor		Organic	Streaking in	n Sandy Soils	
TRANSPORTER CONTROL OF THE CONTROL O		Aquic N	Noisture Regime		Listed or	n Local Hyd	fric Soils List	
Gleyed or Low Chroma Colors Other (explain in remarks)		Reduci	ng Conditions		Listed or	n National H	Hydric Soils List	
		Gleyed	or Low Chroma Co	lors	Other (e	xplain in re	marks)	

HYDROLOGY

none	Recorded Data (de	scribe in	remarks)	Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	none
	Stream, Lake, or Ti	dal Gage	•	Primary Indicators:	
	Aerial Photographs	3		Inundated	
	Other (explain in re	marks)		Saturated in Upper 12 I	nches
	No recorded Data a	available		Water Marks	
				Sediment Deposits	
Tald Observations				Drainage Patterns in W	etlands
Field Observations				Secondary Indicators (2 or more	required):
Depth of Surface	Water:	>>16"	inches	Oxidized Root Channels	s in upper 12"
				Water-Stained Leaves	
Depth to Free Wa	ter in Pit:	>>16"	inches	Local Soil Survey Data	
Depth to Free Wa	ter in Pit:	>>16"	inches	Local Soil Survey Data FAC-Neutral Test	

WETLAND DETERMINATION

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	NO*		
Hydric Soils Present?	NO	Is this Data Plot within a wetland?	NO
Wetland Hydrology Present?	NO		
Rationale: None of the three required parameters	observed nor in	dicated; though the dominant vegetation is	s about 50%
(between two non-native species)			

DATA FORM WETLAND DETERMINATION

Project/Site:	Sudnikovich Proj	perty			Date:	6/15/07
Applicant/Owner:	Sudnikovich (dumpsite of dredg	ed material by	Sacke	tt)	County:	Bonner
Investigator:	Tom Duebendorfer,	PWS			State:	ID
Do Normal Circumstand	ces exist on the site?	Yes X	No		Community ID:	
Is the site significantly	disturbed (Atypical Situation):	Yes	No	Х	Transect ID:	
Is the area a potential P	•••••	Yes	No	Х	Plot ID:	3

	VEGET	ATION			
Species	Indicator Status	Areal Cover (%)	Cover Class	Cover Class Midpoint	Rank
Herbs:					
Elytrigia repens	FAC-	70	5	63.0	1
Tanacetum vulgare		50			1
Heracleum lanatum	FAC	10	2	10.5	2
Shrubs:					
Saplings:					
Trees:					
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FA	CW or EAC excluding	FAC-		0%	,

Cover class midpoints: T<1% (none): 1 = 1-5% (3.0); 2 = 6-15% (10.5); 3 = 16-25% (20.5); 4 = 26-50% (38.0); 5 = 51-75% (63.0); 6 = 76-95% (85.5); 7 = 96-100% (98.0).

To determine the dominant species, first rank the species by the midpoints of their cover classes. Then, cumulatively sum the midpoints of the ranked species until 50% of the total for all species' midpoints (for each layer) is immediately exceeded. All species contributing to that cumulative total plus any additional species having 20% of the total midpoint value should be considered dominants, and marked with an asterisk.

SOILS

Map Unit Name (Series and Phase):			unmapped by the USDA Dr		Draina	age Class:	unknown
Taxonomic Classification:			unknown		On hy	dric soils list?	unknown
			Soil Pr	ofile Description			
Depth	Horizon	Matrix Color	Mottle Color	Mottle Abundance		Texture, Concretio	
0 - 16"	<u> </u>	10YR 3/2		none		silt loam	
16"+	В	light		none		fine	sand
	1						
Hydric Soil	Indicators:	NONE		Concreti	ons		-
Hydric Soil	Histoso				-110	ent in Surface Layer	in Sandy Soils
Hydric Soil	Histoso	ol Epipedon		High Org	anic Conte	ent in Surface Layer n Sandy Soils	in Sandy Soils
Hydric Soil	Histoso Histic E Sulfidio	ol Epipedon		High Org Organic	anic Conte Streaking i		in Sandy Soils
Hydric Soil I	Histoso Histic E Sulfidio Aquic N	ol Epipedon : Odor		High Org Organic S Listed on	anic Conte Streaking i Local Hyd	n Sandy Soils	in Sandy Soils

HYDROLOGY

none Recorded D	Recorded Data (describe in remarks)			Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Stream, Lal	e, or Tidal Gage	e	Primary Indicators:			
Aerial Photo	graphs			Inundated		
Other (expl	Other (explain in remarks) No recorded Data available			Saturated in Upper 12 Inches		
No recorded				Water Marks		
				Sediment Deposits		
37 149 and			X	Drainage Patterns in Wetlands		
eld Observations:			Secondary Indicators (2 or more required):			
Depth of Surface Water:	>>16"	inches		Oxidized Root Channels in upper 12"		
				Water-Stained Leaves		
Depth to Free Water in Pit:	>>16"	inches		Local Soil Survey Data		
The Control of the Co				FAC-Neutral Test		
Depth to Saturated Soil:	>>16"	inches		Other (Explain in Remarks)		

WETLAND DETERMINATION

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	NO*		
Hydric Soils Present?	NO	Is this Data Plot within a wetland?	NO
Wetland Hydrology Present?	YES		

Rationale: Surface features and late plant emergence suggest short-term wetland hydrology may be present at this 20' x 25' depression (slightly topographically lower than surrounding). Vegetation not hydrophytic nor do the soils show any significant hydric indicators—however soils could be considered hydric due to ponding (Criterion 2B2) but duration is unknown.