PLAINTIFFS' EXHIBIT 18

To Plaintiffs' Motion Under Rule 11 Against Defendants And Their Counsel Civ. No. 03-2006 (EGS/JMF)

- 1 | who made the communication. We cited the Energy
- 2 | Conservation vs. Heliodyne case in which the facts
- 3 | were concerning negative publicity about the party who
- 4 | is the subject of the communication.
- 5 The late service issue, Your Honor,
- 6 Mr. Hirschkop spent considerable time on. It's not a
- 7 | central feature of our counterclaim --
- 8 THE COURT: I was going to ask you that.
- 9 You're not maintaining that the mere filing of the
- 10 | motion for judgment constituted abuse of process, are
- 11 | you?
- MR. BORDEN: No, Your Honor. Donohoe is
- 13 | clear that there must be --
- 14 THE COURT: It is.
- MR. BORDEN: -- an act subsequent to the
- 16 | issuance of process.
- 17 | THE COURT: It couldn't be clearer on that.
- And you're not maintaining that whatever the
- 19 delay was in service, assuming there was a delay,
- 20 | you're not arguing that that was abuse of process,
- 21 | right?
- MR. BORDEN: No, Your Honor, we're not.

```
1
              THE COURT: So basically what you're hanging
 2
    it on is the fact that they put it on the web site
 3
    after they filed it?
 4
              MR. BORDEN: Correct, Your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: All right.
 6
              MR. BORDEN: The delay in service was pled
 7
    beyond our obligations under the rules. We pled that
    as evidence that there was an ulterior motive, the
 9
    fact that service wasn't effected immediately.
10
              THE COURT: Well, I'm glad you're not
11
    pursuing that, though, because, I mean, Virginia law
12
    gives them a year to serve, and I don't see how on
13
    earth you could say something that was done within
14
    that is a problem.
15
              MR. BORDEN: Correct, Your Honor. That is
    not the basis of the claim. It is of -- ultimately
16
17
    will be for the fact finder to decide I think what
18
    inference, if any, to give to that fact. But we've
```

also pled that nothing else was done in the case for over a year and Mr. Feld was nonsuited on the day of the demurrer, as I mentioned, and those also are evidentiary details that support our allegation that

19

20

21

22

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Hirschkop.

As Mr. Borden said, I think the standard is from Donohoe, the existence of an ulterior purpose and an act in the use of the process not proper in the regular prosecution of the proceedings.

And I'm glad we've gotten past arguing about whether the filing of the motion itself or the alleged delay in service provide the basis for this, because I don't believe they could.

So basically we're down to the web site.

And as Mr. Hirschkop said, for openers you've got a huge First Amendment issue lurking there. It is something that in this day and age is commonly done, putting pleadings on the web after they're filed.

But Donohoe really requires for abuse of process, it says the distinctive nature of malicious abuse of process lies in the perversion of regularly issued process to accomplish some ulterior purpose for which the procedure was not intended.

And Virginia cases have talked about -- an abuse of process isn't, I think it's fair to say, a particularly favored cause of action. It's kind of

- exceptional, and it's treated as an exceptional cause of action. It's got pretty high standards.
- And basically as I understand the Virginia cases, even if you have a bad intention by, you know, filing something and tracking it to its logical conclusion, there's got to be something more than that. And they talk about maybe it being used as a whip to force the payment of an alleged indebtedness -- that was Mullins -- or as a means of extortion, and that's Glidewell. I just do not think that this, as it's currently pled, alleges any kind of

With putting it on the web site, you know, that certainly puts it there, but that's not specifically directed at Feld. Certainly he's the subject of it, but it's not something that's done to force him to do something as a means of extortion or whatever.

behavior that reaches that level.

And Mr. Borden is also correct that some of the cases -- there isn't a lot of Virginia authority on this, but the El Greco case from the Eastern

District of New York I thought was instructive, and

- that talks about the existence of publicity surrounding the filing of a lawsuit cannot constitute grounds for an abuse of process claim. It said that embarrassment in business resulting to the parties being sued is not beyond the area of legitimate use of process and that an action for abuse of process must basically include some kind of element of extortion. There's just nothing in this pleading that rises to that level.
 - The Glidewell case also says proof of indirect motive will not alone sustain the action.

 And even if, as Mr. Borden said, the purpose of it was fundraising, that would be an indirect motive again not directed specifically at Feld.

As it's pled -- and I understand the granting of a demurrer in the Commonwealth is a risky proposition, but I just don't see the elements of this cause of action here at this point. So the demurrer is going to be sustained, and I believe that I'm required whenever I sustain a demurrer for the first time to allow leave to amend. If counsel would like to take that opportunity, you'll have 21 days to do