# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS,

CA No. 03-2006

Plaintiff,

Washington, D.C.

Thursday, February 5, 2009

FELD ENTERTAINMENT, INC., 10:15 a.m.

Defendant.

TRANSCRIPT OF BENCH TRIAL - MORNING SESSION - DAY 2 BEFORE THE HONORABLE EMMET G. SULLIVAN UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

#### APPEARANCES:

v.

For the Plaintiff:

KATHERINE A. MEYER, ESQ.

TANYA SANERIB, ESQ. ERIC GLITZENSTEIN, ESQ. HOWARD CRYSTAL, ESQ. DELCIANA WINDERS, ESQ.

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For the Defendant:

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LANCE SHEA, ESQ.

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Court Reporter:

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Proceedings reported by machine shorthand, transcript produced by computer-aided transcription.

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Civil action 03-2006, American 3 Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, et al versus 4 Feld Entertainment, Inc. 5 Would counsel please identify yourselves for the record? 6 7 MS. MEYER: Catherine Meyer for the plaintiffs, your 8 Honor. 9 THE COURT: Good morning, counsel. MS. SANERIB: Good morning. Tanya Sanerib for the 10 plaintiff. 11 MR. CRYSTAL: Howard Crystal for the plaintiff. 12 MR. GLITZENSTEIN: Eric Glitzenstein for the 1.3 14 plaintiffs. MS. WINDERS: Delciana Winders for the plaintiff. 15 MS. SINNOTT: Michelle Sinnott, tech. 16 17 THE COURT: For the plaintiff? MS. SINNOTT: For the plaintiffs. 18 THE COURT: Good morning, your Honor. John Simpson 19 for the defendant. 20 MR. SHEA: Good morning, your Honor. Lance Shea for 21 22 the defendant. MS. JOINER: Good morning, your Honor. Lisa Joiner 23 for the defendant. 24 MS. PETTEWAY: Kara Petteway for the defendant. 25

MS. PARDO: Good morning, your Honor. Michelle Pardo for the defendant.

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MS. STRAUSS: Good morning, your Honor. Julie Strauss for the defendant.

MR. PALISOUL: Derek Palisoul for the defendant.

THE COURT: Let's proceed with the cross-examination.

I'm mindful that the doctor has a plane to catch.

MR. SIMPSON: Your Honor, if I could just bring up two preliminary matters with the Court's indulgence, and I think it's important to get matters like this straightened out when we are just getting the trial started.

Would you switch the Elmo on for me, please?

Your Honor, it's come to our attention that one of the corporate representatives for the plaintiff, Animal Protection Institute, is blogging the details of this trial on the Internet. Ms. Nicole Piquette, their senior vice president and general counsel, was excused from the Rule of Exclusion of witnesses yesterday by your Honor and chose apparently to broadcast the details of the testimony in this case on the Internet, and I'm concerned that this is an abuse of the privilege that you granted her yesterday, and I am concerned that this kind of thing becomes a bulletin board for fact witnesses in the case to check out what's going on in the trial. You know, she's entitled to her opinion about what's going on, but what I don't want to see is fact witnesses using this as a

We've already given that instruction to our witnesses, not just don't read the transcript, not just don't talk to lawyers and other witnesses, but don't go out there on the Internet and read news accounts of what's going on so that you get the same information indirectly, so we think as a prophylactic matter, that that ought to be addressed up front, and I think your Honor ought to seize this blogging, and I think your Honor ought to order to seize this blogging, and I think your Honor ought to order to sinclude instructions that instruction to only not read Internet blogs and similar sources of information where the trial transcript or details of the testimony are being posted. We've already given that instruction to our witnesses, not just don't read the transcript, not just don't talk to lawyers and other witnesses, but don't go out there on the Internet and read news accounts of what's going on so that you get the same information indirectly, so we think as a prophylactic matter, that that ought to be addressed up front, and I think you have the power and discretion to do so under Rule 615.

THE COURT: Well, we certainly tell fact witnesses, we tell all witnesses not to discuss their testimony with anyone, but what you're asking me to do is essentially tell them in advance of their testimony not to discuss anyone else's testimony essentially and that doctor -- she's not a doctor -- Attorney Piquette, she's in the courtroom today? Is she?

MR. SIMPSON: Well, she was entitled to be. It was packed yesterday. I don't know whether she was here or not. I don't know what she looks like. I've never seen her.

THE COURT: This blogging issue is an issue that's

coming up quite frequently in cases.

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Let me hear from plaintiff's counsel.

Thank you for bringing it to my attention.

MS. MEYER: Your Honor, I didn't know about this. If Mr. Simpson had told me about it when he discovered it I certainly would have been in agreement that Ms. Piquette --

THE COURT: He probably didn't know about it until today perhaps.

MR. SIMPSON: Ten minutes ago.

MS. MEYER: I didn't know about it, your Honor. We certainly have instructed our witnesses to abide by all of your instructions, and we have no problem telling Ms. Piquette that she should not be blogging about what goes on in the trial.

THE COURT: I think also I need to ask both sides to ask their witnesses, to direct their witnesses, not to search for other bloggers' opinions. This case is going to be tried and decided based on the evidence in the courtroom. I recognize that the public has an interest in what's going on and that there are people who are not participants or connected with any of the organizations wish to blog to their hearts' content about anything they want to blog about, you know, I guess that's their prerogative, but at least insofar as the participants in this trial are concerned and the officers of the various corporations, I have some control and I'm going to direct them not to do any blogging. I think that's only fair.

Yes?

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MR. SIMPSON: Just one other matter briefly, your Honor, and this concerns the sort of orderly designation of witnesses. If your Honor remembers, yesterday, and I want to direct your attention to page 76 of the trial transcript, there was a colloquy between your Honor and counsel for the plaintiffs.

THE COURT: I recall that.

MR. SIMPSON: Concerning the foundation for Plaintiff's Exhibit 122.

THE COURT: Right, the person who is going to authenticate the film.

MR. SIMPSON: I was again aware of the full picture here, but apparently your Honor asked the question of Ms. Meyer, why isn't that person here who can authenticate the film, and the answer was: He is scheduled to come tomorrow. We had scheduling difficulties for a number of reasons and it was my assumption that he wasn't here, but it turns out he was here. He's appeared the entire day, so this witness could have been called out of order at Ms. Poole's direct, as your Honor stated you had flexibility to do, and that film could be authenticated or not. Instead, your Honor took it under advisement and then the film was exhibited to the finder of fact, and I think that's prejudicial to us.

THE COURT: Well, there's a lot of authority -- I

can't put my hands on a case right now from our Circuit -there's a lot of authority from probably all Circuits, that basically holds that the fact-finder in a nonjury case, indeed the judge, is going to make decisions based upon competent evidence and admissible evidence, and during the course of a nonjury trial judges are going to hear all kinds of evidence: incompetent evidence, hearsay, evidence that's ultimately stricken, and whatever I do, whatever decision I reach, I'm going to reach it based upon what I think is the competent evidence in this case, it's been admitted into the trial record pursuant to recognized Rules of Evidence, and I'm going to let the parties know what I've relied on, so the content, if the film footage is never authenticate, believe me, I'm not going to credit it, but if he was here, though, I'm interested if he was Why was I told he wasn't here? I'm more concerned about here. that.

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MS. MEYER: Your Honor, the reason is that we needed to do Dr. Poole, because of the scheduling, we needed to do Dr. Poole when we did Dr. Poole, so our intention was to have Dr. Poole do --

THE COURT: But I was told he wasn't here. Yes. I think that's what I was told.

MS. MEYER: I think what I meant to say --

THE COURT: Had I been told he was sitting out there, I would have said bring him on in.

MS. MEYER: Your Honor, what I meant to say, he wasn't scheduled to testify yesterday.

THE COURT: How long would it take you to lay the foundation for the authentication of this film?

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MS. MEYER: It would take a while, your Honor, because we're showing much more of that compilation video that he did, so that was the problem.

THE COURT: He's going to have to testify at some point today because I don't want to go too far. It's nonjury, but I just don't want to continue to stretch the rules. I've looked at the film. It's not been admitted into evidence. I can put it out of my mind, but I'd like to abide by the rules that we all are directed to abide by, but, you know, if it never comes in, I'm certainly not going to credit anything I've seen, but if he's here, as soon as we finish with the doctor, then you're going to have to call him to authenticate that film. I assume you want to use that film footage for other witness, I assume; is that right?

MS. MEYER: Yes, but we're not using it today. And this raises another problem, your Honor. Because we did not finish with Dr. Poole yesterday, we have other scheduling problems. We have two witnesses who need to go on today because they have to get back to their jobs.

THE COURT: Let me just say this then: We'll finish with Dr. Poole, and I'm not going to allow any more references

to the film absent an appropriate authentication.

MS. MEYER: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Okay. Let's finish with -- strike that. Let's proceed with cross-examination of Dr. Poole.

Sorry for the delay, but we have some technological issues up here with the laptop, and if I don't look at the experts all the time, it's not that I'm ignoring them. I have realtime as well. I like to follow the testimony, so if I don't look you in the eye while you're testifying, I'm listening to you.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Tell the other experts too. I know counsel have been attempting to get their witnesses to look at me and focus on me as they would a jury, and that's fine. I'm not ignoring them if I don't look at them, so tell them that. I will look at the experts on occasion, as it's nonjury, but I do have the benefit of realtime as well, so I can hear them and read them. Go ahead.

MR. SHEA: May it please the Court, Lance Shea for the defendant, your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

JOYCE POOLE, Ph.D, WITNESS FOR THE PLAINTIFF, PREVIOUSLY SWORN

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. SHEA (continuing):

O. Good morning, Dr. Poole.

1 Α. Good morning. Dr. Poole, you have no studies that set forth the criteria 2 Ο. 3 for identifying learned helplessness in elephants, is that true? MS. MEYER: Objection, your Honor; outside the scope 4 5 of the direct. MR. SHEA: Your Honor, she covered these issues in --6 THE COURT: I'll allow that. Overruled. 7 MR. SHEA: I apologize. 8 9 BY MR. SHEA: Dr. Poole, you have no studies that set forth the criteria 10 0. that identify learned helplessness in elephants, correct? 11 12 Α. Me personally? I'm asking if you know of any studies that set forth the 13 0. criteria for identifying learned helplessness in elephants? 14 No, I do not. 15 Α. Dr. Poole, you cannot cite to me any studies reporting that 16 the Stockholm Syndrome or similar syndromes have been diagnosed 17 in elephants, correct? 18 19 I cannot. Regarding learned helplessness, though, it is a term that has been used by people working with elephants. 20 And Dr. Poole, I was just asking about Stockholm Syndrome. 21 Q. THE COURT: I think she wanted to go back to the 22 23 former question. Is that correct? THE WITNESS: Yes. 24

THE COURT: That's fine.

BY MR. SHEA:

Q. Dr. Poole, there exists no articles that detail how one would diagnose Stockholm Syndrome in elephants, correct?

A. That's correct. But I believe in my deposition I did say to you that it was closer to learned helplessness.

THE COURT: Stockholm Syndrome?

THE WITNESS: In my original report I mentioned several possibilities that this, when elephants or the Ringling Brothers' elephants are very often in kind of a stupor where they are just not doing anything, even when there is a lot of activity around them when a normal elephant would be inquisitive, and I put this down, I let -- I wrote a number of different possibilities that could cause that kind of behavior.

THE COURT: That's based upon your background as a behaviorist?

THE WITNESS: Based upon my background as a behaviorist. And I mentioned the Stockholm Syndrome and I mentioned learned helplessness, and when we discussed it then in my deposition, I had realized that it was closer to learned helplessness.

THE COURT: You singled out Ringling Brothers Circus' elephants. Is that you're distinguishing the Ringling Brothers' elephants from other elephants in captivity?

THE WITNESS: No. No. I mean, I saw this sort of elephants in a kind of -- well, what I would call "nobody's

home" kind of behavior. I have seen it in other elephants.

I've seen it in the elephants that have been very traumatized.

BY MR. SHEA:

Q. Dr. Poole, you have no -- I'm sorry.

THE COURT: Stockholm Syndrome has not been identified scientifically in elephants, has it?

THE WITNESS: It has not.

THE COURT: What is that syndrome?

THE WITNESS: That's when captives have been -- when people have been held captive and they begin to identify with the captors.

### BY MR. SHEA:

- Q. Dr. Poole, you have no studies to sort your opinions that elephants can get a syndrome like people who have been battered spouses, abused children, prisoners of war, and concentration camp survivors, correct?
- A. Well, it is -- it is basically beginning to be accepted that elephants can suffer from posttraumatic stress disorder.

  That's a little bit different from what you've said, but I would like to qualify it by saying that --
- Q. Dr. Poole, I'm sorry, I didn't hear an answer. You have no studies to support your opinion that elephants can get a syndrome like people who have been battered spouses, abused children, prisoners of war, and concentration camp survivors, correct?

MS. MEYER: Again, I've got to object. This is outside the scope of direct examination.

THE COURT: I'll allow it.

THE WITNESS: Again, I've got to come back to that elephants suffering posttraumatic stress disorder, so in the sense that people who have been -- women and children who have been battered and the kind of trauma that they go through, yes, elephants do suffer from that sort of posttraumatic stress syndrome.

## BY MR. SHEA:

- Q. I'd like to show you page 110 of your deposition.
- A. Okay.
- Q. If you could bring it up at line eight, please.

Dr. Poole, I asked you a question beginning on line eight. I just want to ask you about four lines down in that paragraph, there is a sentence beginning near the right margin which states, quote: Small acts of kindness by the captor are exaggerated since finding perspective in a hostage situation is, by definition, "impossible," quote. And then it goes on to say, quote: These symptoms occur under tremendous emotional and often physical duress and represent a common survival strategy for victims of interpersonal abuse, including battered spouse, abused children, prisoners of war, and concentration camp survivors. I put to you that the elephant response is no different. End quote. Did I read that correctly?

1 Answer: Yes.

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Question: Are there any scientific studies demonstrating that the elephant response is no different than the response you have listed in what I just read, those responses I understand to be from humans?

Answer: There are no studies.

Did I read your testimony correctly?

A. You read that correctly. But it is -- may I?

THE COURT: Finish your answer. Yes

THE WITNESS: It is fair to say that in that discussion that we had then, I went on to say that it was closer to learned helplessness. At the same time I would like to say and I would like to have on record that elephants suffer from posttraumatic stress disorder.

BY MR. SHEA:

- Q. Dr. Poole, can you not identify any studies that demonstrate that an elephant suffers from stress when managed by use of the guides, correct?
- A. Not off the top of my head right now.
- Q. And assessing such studies is outside your area of expertise, correct?
- A. No, I don't think so. I mean, when it comes to details of stress, but when it comes to how elephants are behaving, I think that's well within my expertise.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, I'd like to show you page 291 of your

deposition, beginning on line ten. It begins, Question: Now, is there any study that demonstrates that an elephant suffers from stress when managed by use of the ankus?

Answer: You are talking about like cortisol levels, or something like that?

Question: Yes, exactly.

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Answer: I think there have been studies. I am not sure what they have shown, but what I am saying here in this part is that harassment of the elephants has caused such changes in their basic behavior patterns to make them sort of unrecognizable as elephants in terms of their behavior.

Question: Two questions about that. One, can you identify any studies that you think might exist?

Answer. I can't. I can't recall the studies on that. That is not my expertise.

Did I read that correctly?

- A. You did. I think that's just what I said before you read that.
- Q. Now, Dr. Poole, you do not have any particular knowledge about FEI's chaining policies, correct?
- A. I have that I gained through all the reading that I did of the depositions and the reports from the defense.
- Q. And that is the extent of your knowledge?
- A. That I can think of at this moment.
- Q. Now, Dr. Poole, you're not aware of any money for

conservation efforts that FEI is giving to any entity other than the International Elephant Foundation, correct?

MS. MEYER: I'm going to object to that, your Honor. It's our position that whether or not Feld Entertainment is giving conservation money to anyone is completely irrelevant.

THE COURT: It may be. It may be, but I'll let her answer the question.

THE WITNESS: I know that there is some money that is going to some work in Asia. I'm not sure exactly specifically what those studies are, and I'm not sure whether they are all coming under the International Elephant Foundation or not.

BY MR. SHEA:

Q. Now let's go to page 267 of your deposition, beginning on line eight. Dr. Poole, I asked the question: Do you know whether FEI is giving money for any other conservation efforts than those funded by FEI?

Answer: Say that one more time.

Question: Do you know any other conservation efforts methods that FEI is supporting?

Answer: Oh, FEI. FEI and IEF. Sorry. No, I am not.

Question: Are you -- well, did I read that part of

your testimony correctly?

A. You did.

Q. Dr. Poole, you're not aware of any insitu, conservation effort that FEI is supporting directly, correct?

A. No. I'm not specifically aware of the specific programs. I know that there are some. I'm not sure whether they are conservation projects or whether they are AI projects, which I wouldn't call conservation projects, so I can't say specifically.

Q. Dr. Poole, let me show you on the same page of your deposition, 267, beginning on line 12, or I'm sorry, on line 16. On line 16, Question: Are you aware of any insitu, conservation efforts that FEI is supporting directly?

Answer: No, I am not.

Did I read your testimony correctly?

- A. You did, but there have been some months in between, so I have heard about some things. That's why I'm answering slightly differently.
- Q. I see. So the new information you have has come since your deposition; is that correct?
- A. Yes, but it's not very specific.
- Q. Dr. Poole, you don't know the details about the extent to which FEI elephants are exercised on a daily basis, correct?
- A. Just on the basis of what came out in the depositions, which suggested they have very little exercise, that they're only off chains a very small percentage of the day.
- Q. Dr. Poole, let me show you page 300 of your deposition, beginning on line three. Question: Do you know any details about the extent to which the elephants are exercised on a daily

basis for the pure purpose of exercise?

Answer: There was very little said about that in the documents.

Did I read that correctly?

A. You did.

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- Q. Dr. Poole, you don't know what enrichment items are given to FEI elephants, correct?
- A. Sorry. That's you're asking me that now?
  - O. Yes.
- 10 A. I have seen a tire in the pens.
- 11 \ Q. Is that your complete answer?
- A. I haven't seen much in all the evidence that I reviewed. I

  did not see much in the way of enrichment items, and not

  enrichment items that would be in any way part of an elephant's

  natural environment.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, scientifically speaking now, your work with elephants is almost entirely observational in design; is that true?
  - A. No, not entirely observational, no.
  - Q. I said "almost entirely observational."
- A. It's almost entirely observational, but I have done
  experimental work, and quite a number of my papers are based on
  experimental work.
- Q. Dr. Poole, your experimental studies are limited to about three elephant sound playback studies, two studies on elephants'

scents, s-c-e-n-t-s, and one study on musth at Krueger pools at the Pilanesberg National Park, correct?

A. I'm sorry. There are four papers on elephant cognition, three papers that are experimental on elephant cognition.

That's two of which have come out since the deposition.

THE COURT: On African elephants or Asian?

THE WITNESS: These are on African elephants.

And then there are the other ones that you cited, but I don't think that represents a small number.

BY MR. SHEA:

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Q. Dr. Poole, let me take you to 103 of your deposition, please. Beginning on line 17. Question: Your work is almost, entirely speaking, scientifically observational in nature, isn't that right?

Answer: Almost entirely, but I've done experimental work as well.

Did I read that correctly?

- A. You did.
- Q. And you've mentioned today in court the experimental studies that you've done, is that true?
- A. I have not mentioned them all, no.
- Q. Well, other than three elephant sound playback studies, two studies on elephant scents, one study on must at the Pilanesberg National Park, and three studies on elephant cognition in African elephants you just mentioned, are there any others?

- A. No. But those are all in very prestigious journals.
- Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion chaining elephants is
- appropriate for veterinary procedures but inappropriate for any other reason: is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. Now, Dr. Poole, yesterday you mentioned elephant
    sanctuaries. Do you recall mentioning that during your direct
- 8 | examination?

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- 9 A. I did. I can't remember in what context.
- 10 Q. Do you know that there is an elephant sanctuary at
- 11 Hohenwald, Tennessee?
- 12 A. I do, I do.
- 13 \ Q. Who operates that sanctuary?
- 14 A. Carol Buckley.
- 15 Q. The elephants at the elephant sanctuary are not allowed to
- 16 breed; is that correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, the oldest elephant in Amboseli is 67 years old, isn't that right?
- 20 A. I believe there have been elephants as old as 69.
- Q. Let me take your to your deposition, page 258, beginning at line seven. I asked you, question: What is the oldest elephant
- that you know of in Amboseli?
- 24 Answer: Sixty-seven.
- 25 Did I read that correctly?

- A. You read that correctly. The reason I changed that is based on the recent paper that came out. I believe that they had said that the oldest elephant was 70, so I'm correcting that. I moved it down to 69 because I can't quite recall, but yeah, so anyway, in that range.
- Q. Your testimony was accurate as of the date of your deposition, is that true?
- A. Yes, yes.

- Q. Dr. Poole --
- A. As far as I knew. As far as I knew.
- 11 Q. Dr. Poole, exhibiting stereotypic behavior is not 12 necessarily an accurate indicator of current welfare in 13 elephants, correct?
  - A. Not necessarily, not necessarily.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, captive breeding is acceptable if done to enrich the welfare of existing elephants, correct?
  - A. Within specific contexts. I would not say that captive breeding in an area that is too small for the elephants is necessarily in their best welfare, but as a general statement, yes. It's very complicated. It raises issues.

THE COURT: Go ahead and explain your answer.

THE WITNESS: Oh, well, it's rather complicated, but elephants are actually very good breeders if they're given the space to the elephants. They breed very well and very easily, and in Africa in many places in Africa there are too many

elephants because they breed so successfully and then you get into a situation where there's the moral issue of whether to cull or not, so if you have elephants, let's say, I mean, I've been arguing to have captive elephants in North America in very large sanctuaries where they could live basically a pretty normal life and have families and so on, and allow breeding, but then would come eventually a situation where you may have too many elephants, and so I have some minor doubts about how such a situation would be dealt with.

#### BY MR. SHEA:

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- Q. Dr. Poole, you just mentioned space that elephants need.

  Do you believe that captive elephants would each need at least two square kilometers of space?
- A. I know that you're referring to the "Mind and Movement" paper where I have mentioned that figure, and yes, if -- what I'm talking about there is if we were to do what I believe would be the right thing for elephants, which is to provide them with a space they need to the elephants to allow them to forage naturally without just providing hay, then you do need enough space so that they don't damage the habitat, so that's what I'm saying there, and just a ballpark figure that is thrown around for elephants in the wild is two kilometers per elephant.

  Square kilometers. Sorry.
- Q. Dr. Poole, do you know how big two square kilometers is in terms of miles?

- A. Well, you could use a square mile. I mean, it's not exactly equivalent, but let's say a square mile.
  - Q. So that I understand it, elephants, captive elephants then in your opinion would need one square mile of space?
  - A. I honestly believe that that's where we should be headed, that's correct, if we want to keep captive elephants in North America, to give them the life that they deserve, that we should set aside some big space, perhaps five different places in North America, and allow elephants to be elephants. That's my personal feeling. I think that would be the right thing to do.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, there are currently approximately 500 captive elephants in the United States, is that true?
- A. To be honest, I can't remember.
- Q. Okay. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, elephants should not be captured from the wild in order to be held in captivity; is that correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
  - Q. And you opposed the importation of elephants Swazi land to the San Diego zoo that was done in recent years, correct?
  - A. I did.

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- Q. Despite efforts to stop the importation, those elephants were imported to the San Diego zoo, correct?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, the continuum of care in zoos and circuses is not so good to really bad, correct?

- A. Sorry. The continuum of -- read that again.
- Q. In your opinion -- let me repeat my question so it's clear.
- 3 A. Um-hmm.

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- Q. In your opinion, the continuum of care in zoos and circuses is not so good to really bad, correct?
- A. I think that would be fair, yes.
- 7 \| Q. In your opinion, zoos and circuses --
- A. Sorry. May I just go back a second? I'm talking about space. I'm talking about space here, not about other care.
  - Q. And you're not talking about chaining there?
- 11 A. Well, I would like to stay off chaining in this, in this -12 that's sort of another subject.
  - Q. Let me show you page 296 of your deposition, beginning on line 20. Question: In putting elephants in a barn overnight, chained or not, but in a stall, would that be harm as well?

Answer: Again, it is a continuum. In the case of Ringling, they are chained for extremely long hours. In some zoos they are chained also for long hours but not as long as. In other zoos they are not chained but they are left out, but they don't get the kind of exercise that they do in the wild, so it is a continuum, not so good to really bad.

Did I read your answer, or did I read your testimony correctly?

A. Yes. May I just say that I do think -- I think elephants should be provided with a space where they can shelter to get,

especially because it's cold in North America, that they could have a place where they can get out of the rain, where there's perhaps some heat provided, but they could come and go as they wished?

- Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, zoos and circuses do not meet the needs of elephants, correct?
- A. Well, circuses certainly do not meet the needs of elephants.
- Q. You hold that same opinion as to zoos, do you not?
- A. It is a continuum, and I feel that you are really trying to make me out to be an extremist.
- Q. Dr. Poole, let's go to page 122 of your deposition.
- A. And I would like to have an opportunity to comment, if I may.

THE COURT: Sure. Go ahead and comment.

THE WITNESS: May I?

THE COURT: Yes.

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making me into an extremist, that I'm really far out there, and I just wanted to say that as a member of the Amboseli research project, I have signed back in 2001 and we have rewritten it more recently, I guess it was earlier in 2008, all of us on this project that represents over -- well, close do 400 years of experience, have signed this letter saying that we do not believe that elephants belong in circuses, that elephants are

being shipped around, chained in trains and on cars like so much cargo, but they're being trained with bullhooks to do unnatural acts and that we believe this is a travesty.

Now, to try and paint me as if somehow I'm extreme when these are the preeminent elephant experts saying this, I think that is -- I just want you to be aware of that. And I also want you to be aware that Jane Goodal, for instance, who is the preeminent authority on chimpanzees, spends 300 days a year of her life now going around the world talking to kids, talking to people, and advocating for chimpanzees. I don't have that kind of fortitude, but I can't sleep at night if I don't speak out on behalf of these animals. They deserve more than they're getting, especially in the circus.

THE COURT: I think you probably minimized your fortitude.

MR. SHEA: May I proceed, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, sir. Go ahead.

# BY MR. SHEA:

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Q. Dr. Poole, I'd like to show you page 11226 of your deposition, line 19. The question on page -- I just wanted to ask you about some of those specifics, and I believe you list them succinctly in your conclusion beginning on page 13. At the bottom of the page in the conclusion section you say, quote:

Based on decades of research, it is our considered opinion that today's zoos and circuses do not come close to meeting the

interests of either male or female elephants, nor do we believe 1 that the slightly expanded exhibits that many zoos are currently 2 3 contemplating at vast expense will make a significant difference. Am I reading that correctly so far? 4 5 Answer: Yes. Question: What date was this published, do you know? 6 7 Answer: As far as I know, it actually hasn't been 8 published yet. But is this current? 9 Ouestion: Answer: This is current. 10 Question: These are your current opinions? 11 Answer: Yes. 12 13 Did I read your testimony correctly? 14 Α. Yes, you did. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, keeping captive elephants in 15 pens is a little bit better than chaining them but not much, 16 17 correct? 18 Α. Correct. Dr. Poole, elephants are kept in chains in home range 19 20 countries, aren't they? 21 You mean captive elephants? Α. So let me try a better question this time, okay? 22 Q. Captive elephants are kept in chains in home range countries, 23 24 correct? There are places where elephants are kept in chains, that's 25

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- Q. And they are kept in chains in many home range countries, aren't they, captive elephants?
- A. Not in Africa. In Asia.
- Q. So there are many elephants, Asian elephants, who are kept in chains in home range countries in Asia, correct?
- A. This is a very, very long tradition, but just as in other traditions that are very long, it's not necessarily correct, and based on what we know about elephants now, their capacity for empathy, their other cognitive abilities, their body size, we know that this is not the way they should be cared for.
- 12 Q. But they are so kept in Asia countries?
- 13 A. They are so kept, but that doesn't make it right here in this country.
  - Q. Okay. Dr. Poole, now Abood I asked you about yesterday.

    That was the name of the elephant that you rode in Vaswani,

    correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Abood was killed by a musthed male in Butza while Abood was on chains, correct?
  - A. I believe he was on chains. I wasn't there so I don't know the details.
  - Q. Let's go to page 69 of your deposition. Beginning on line five, question: Do you know how old Abood was at the time?

    Answer: I think he was in his 30s.

1 Question: Is he still alive, do you know?

Answer: No. He was killed. He was killed because he was the elephants there are let out on chains and he was killed by a must male. It was an elephant and elephant fight.

And the must male won? was my question.

Answer: He won because Abood was on chains.

Did I read your testimony correctly?

- A. It was many years ago, but that's what I recall Randall Moore telling me.
- Q. Dr. Poole, and that gentleman was the elephant's owners?
- A. He owned the elephants, yes.
- Q. Dr. Poole, you obviously spent many years watching African elephants at Amboseli Park in Kenya, correct?
  - A. In Amboseli National Park?
- 15 Q. Yes.

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And there has been mass tourism in the Amboseli park for the -- strike that. Let me start again.
  - Dr. Poole, there's been mass tourism in Amboseli park since the late 1960s, correct?
- A. Sorry. Mass tourism you're saying as in many, many bus tourism?
- 23 \ Q. Yes, that's what I'm asking.
  - A. Yes. I would guess about the late 1960s, yes.
- Q. And in peak years, as many as 200,000 visited the park,

1 correct?

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- A. That's the figure I recall.
- Q. The visitors go out in mini-busses, Jeeps, or Land Cruisers to see the elephants, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And they get as close as one meter away, isn't that true?
- 7 A. That's true.
- Q. Elephant poaching for ivory is on the rise in Africa, isn't it?
- 10 A. That is true.
- Q. And elephant poaching for ivory is continuing in India; is that right?
  - A. That's true.
- Q. And human-elephant conflict is escalating in Africa and in Asia, isn't it?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, if you project forward in
  Africa or in Asia, the long-term future for wild elephant
  habitats looks pretty bleak, correct?
- A. What I would say is that elephant populations, many
  elephant populations are going to go extinct or be wiped out,
  that individuals, families, entire populations, are going to be
  wiped out, but that does not mean that the elephant in the wild
  will go extinct. I believe that there will be many places,
  especially the larger national parks where elephants will

survive, but if you project forward with the increasing human population, growth and increasing demand for the resources, elephants are, yes, it is true they are under increasing pressure.

- Q. Dr. Poole, the practice of culling in the wild continues today, correct?
- A. Well, it is just about to be started again, but this is restricted to a couple of countries in southern Africa.
- Q. Dr. Poole --

A. Sorry. May I just --

THE COURT: Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: It's areas where elephants are fenced. It's not really been a problem in national parks that are not fenced, and most populations are not fenced at this stage, so ones you put elephants behind fences, some people at least feel that it affects the equilibrium of the habitat, the eco system. BY MR. SHEA:

- Q. Dr. Poole, in your opinion, capturing wild baby elephants is no less abhorrent than killing them, correct?
- A. I have said that.
- Q. So in your opinion, it's better off, isn't it, Dr. Poole, in your opinion, that an entire elephant family be killed than any young elephant in that family end up in a circus, is that true?
- A. That is correct.

- Q. Now, Dr. Poole, you believe that captive breeding should not be done in North America, correct?
- A. That's not correct actually. I think it depends on the situation. As it is now, we have elephants being shipped around, mothers and daughters or mothers and offspring being separated, elephants being bought and sold, being shipped from one zoo to another, families being broken up, being kept in areas that are too small. I could go on. Then I don't think that the breeding the way it's being done in most places, I'm not very happy about it, but I think there could certainly be a situation where you could have captive breeding.
  - Q. But as it stands, you're not happy with any existing captive breeding operation in North America, correct?
  - A. I don't think I can say that. Of the ones I know about.

    Of the ones that I know about.
  - Q. So the ones you know about, you're not happy about any, correct?
  - A. No, because most are done with AI and yeah.
- Q. Now, Dr. Poole, it is your view that zoos do not have a moral right to keep elephants because they do not provide a full social experience for elephants, correct?
  - A. That is a strong statement and I read it the other day.

    Repeat that to me again.
- Q. Was it your statement?
- 25 A. I think I recognize it.

- Q. Well, my question is: Was it your statement?
- A. I think it's my statement. Read it again.
  - Q. Well, I'm asking you a question.
- A. Yes, I know.

- Q. And it is: Is it your view that zoos do not have a moral right to keep elephants because they do not provide a full social experience for elephants?
- A. It is my statement, but I think it is -- I think the terminology is a bit strong.
- Q. Well, Dr. Poole, let me ask you -- well, let me just take you to your deposition, page 226, line 18. Question: How did you come to have that document that is -- are we on 226?

Line 18, Question: I hand you Exhibit 14 to your deposition, and it looks to be a copy of a keynote address made by you to the 22nd Annual Elephant Manager's Workshop, November 9 through 12, 2001. Do you remember giving such an address?

Answer: Actually I gave it, believe it or not, in Lamo, Kenya.

Question: You did it by video conference?

Answer: I sent a tape or something because that was right after 9/11.

Question: I was going to ask because all of us here were having a hard time traveling. You sent a tape of this address, but you did give the address; is that right?

Answer: Yes.

Question: On the fourth page down near the bottom of the page, it would be the last full paragraph, which is a short one, that begins quote: Now to the tricky question, end quote. In that paragraph three lines down you say, quote: On the basis of all that I have learned about elephants, my personal feeling is that those zoos that cannot provide a full social experience for elephants do not have the moral right to keep them. I don't feel that any of the zoos I have visited meet the standards that we should aspire to. End quote. Did I read that correctly?

Answer: You did.

Question: As to the first sentence regarding the zoos not having the moral right to keep elephants where they cannot provide a full social experience for them, is that your opinion today?

Answer: Yes, basically. I mean, I guess I feel very strongly, having spent so many years with elephants, that they deserve — they deserve better, but then again, let me say that I am talking on behalf of the elephants that is not taking into consideration all the needs we have as people to see them or whatever. This is from the elephant's perspective.

Question: And you don't know of any zoos that give the full social experience for its elephants; am I right?

Answer: Correct. Having said that, it is of course a continuum.

Did I read your testimony correctly?

A. You did.

- Q. Dr. Poole, also you believe that the sanctuaries, specifically those run by PAWS in northern California and Carol Buckley in Tennessee, do not provide a full social experience for elephants, correct?
  - A. That is correct. May I add to that, please?

    THE COURT: Sure, you may.

THE WITNESS: Remember that those sanctuaries have been set up to provide as sort of a Hospice for abused elephants, or elephants who have suffered very much where they are so -- they're in a little bit of a different category.

- 12 BY MR. SHEA:
- Q. Dr. Poole, do you recall being asked yesterday during your direct examination about the life-span of elephants, how old they become in the wild?
- A. I believe so. I believe so. About the median life-span.

  Yes, I do.
  - Q. Do you recall saying that the median life-span for females is 56 years old?
    - A. That's correct.
    - Q. And you qualified that, did you not, by saying that is the median life-span for females if you exclude elephants who have been killed by people or have died as a result of wounds inflicted by people, correct?
  - A. Correct.

- Q. Dr. Poole, what is the life span of elephants, female elephants, what is their life expectancy if you do not exclude mortality caused by humans?
  - A. You want the life expectancy or the median life-span? I think I can give them both to you, and I may be a little bit off on the figures. The life expectancy was 34, and I believe the life-span, median life-span that was recently quoted in the paper that came out was 335.7 or something like that.
- Q. I see.

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- A. So pretty similar.
- Q. And for males in the wild, what is their life expectancy if you do not exclude mortality caused by humans?
- A. If you do not. I think it was in my deposition, wasn't it?

  I'm not sure I can remember. Was it as low as 24? Did I tell

  you?
  - Q. Dr. Poole, would you disagree that you wrote in your report that the life expectancy for males was 24 years, but in the absence of human-induced mortality it increases to 39?
  - A. Yeah. That sounds correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, the Maasai, M-a-a-s-a-i, people live near
  Amboseli Park, Kenya, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And in your view, there is a cycle of violence between the elephants at Amboseli Park and the Maasai people, right?
  - A. It has developed over some years.

Perhaps I should explain?

THE COURT: Sure, go ahead.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. When Amboseli was made a national park in 1974, the Maasai were excluded from a small area, 394 square kilometers, and as a way of a political protest they began spearing elephants and rhinos and some of the other large animals because elephants are so intelligent they have in a way retaliated. They started to kill Maasai, and particularly live stock, not so much people, but live stock, and the Maasai have again responded by spearing elephants, so it has developed into what I would like to call a cycle of violence and retaliation between the two species.

THE COURT: That is fairly atypical, for elephants to attack other animals?

THE WITNESS: It is, it is. And even in the Mara where Maasai and elephants live side by side, they don't have this same kind of relationship, so it really does seem to have developed from the spearing that was started by the Maasai feeling that they had been cheated of their land.

THE COURT: So this started, but then it stopped years ago?

THE WITNESS: Well, no. It's kind of kept up because the elephants kill livestock, so what we know is we now compensate the Maasai if any of the animals that are killed by elephant and that we can verify have been killed by elephants as

long as they agree not to cull any elephants in, you know, as a result, so we're hoping that way that they will be able to stop this cycle.

## BY MR. SHEA:

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- Q. And Dr. Poole, then clearly you believe that the elephants were killing live stock in retribution for the spearing, do I understand that correctly?
- A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. Thus you believe that the elephants belonging to the Maasai and then kill the live stock for revenge?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. Dr. Poole, you misinform -- well, let me just ask, was one of these elephants that was speared in the named Odelai?
- 14 A. Odil.
- 15 Q. Odil, O-d-i-1?
  - A. Yes, um-hmm. She is still alive.
- Q. Could you please show me 302A, 1 of 31, defense exhibit?

  Is this a picture of Odil that is posted on your

  website, Dr. Poole, with the spear?
  - A. That's correct, that's correct.
- 21 Q. Dr. Poole, during your direct examination you testified 22 about a portion of the movie Elephant, Lord of the Jungle?
- 23 | A. Um-hmm.
- Q. And I have a question I'd like to show you out of that, or a clip I'd like to show you and then ask a question. If you

could play plaintiffs we'll call it Exhibit 113, 19:24 to 20:32. 1 (Video played.) 2 Dr. Poole, I'll ask you, are there biting flies such 3 as those in Amboseli? 4 5 No, we don't have the -- we don't have Tetsi flies. 6 occasionally have horse flies, but no, it's not like these, no. 7 Seeing on this film and these flies, I'll ask you is what Q. 8 you see in this clip and on the screen now at the end of the 9 clip a wound? 10 You know, those biting flies have an anti-coagulant in them, so I don't know whether I'd call that a wound. I don't 11 think I'd call that a wound. 12 Is it an injury? 13 0. I don't think I would call that an injury. It's a bite 14 Α. 15 from a fly. Has the elephant been harmed? 16 Q. 17 It's been harassed, that's for sure. Α. But not harmed, is that your testimony? 18 0. I don't know. Personally I don't call when I'm bitten by a 19 mosquito being harmed, so I guess I would call it the same 20 21 thing. Dr. Poole, I'd like to show you a clip, the Plaintiff's 22

Now, Dr. Poole, has this elephant been injured?

exhibit, we'll call 113, starting at 44:35 and ending 44:59.

(Video played.)

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A. Absolutely.

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- Q. And that's a wound; is that correct?
- A. That's a wound.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, I have a question about the following clip.

This is again Plaintiff's we'll call it Exhibit 113, 45:20 through 45:37.

(Video played.)

So Dr. Poole, has this elephant been wounded?

- A. I can't actually see it because the -- but I assume if it's been shot by a bullet it's been wounded.
- Q. I'd like to show you another clip, Plaintiff's we'll call Exhibit 113, starting at 45 minutes 46 seconds through 47 minutes 8 seconds.

(Video played.)

Dr. Poole, you've seen that that elephant in the Endangered Species Act applied to the people who were poaching that, that elephant was taken, wasn't it?

- A. I'm sorry?
- Q. That elephant would have been "taken," in your opinion, correct?
- A. That elephant was wounded and that elephant was killed.
- Q. And have you seen similar poaching in Amboseli? You have, haven't you?
- 24 A. I have.
  - Q. And you have various photographs of similar wounding on

your website, do you not?

A. I do.

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- Q. I'd like to show you a photograph in Defense Exhibit 332A, photograph 8 of 31. This is a photograph on your website, correct?
  - A. Yes. I took that photograph in 1981, I believe.
  - Q. And this elephant had been poached, do I understand that correctly from the caption?
  - A. That elephant had been poached.
  - Q. And definitely wounded and killed, correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, I have a question about the following clip, Plaintiff's we'll call it Exhibit 113, starting at 49 minutes and 12 seconds. And going through I believe 51 minutes and 3 seconds?

(Video played.)

- Dr. Poole, do you have any reason to disagree that that took that elephant a further four months to die?
- A. Well, actually there were a lot of inaccuracies on this film in the narrative, but it could happen, that's correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, let me show you photograph 5 of 31, Defendant's Exhibit 302A. Dr. Poole, this is a picture of a dead elephant calf on your website, is that true?
- A. It's not a calf, I don't think. It does say it's a calf.
  Okay.

- Q. On the caption it does say "elephant calf"?
- 2 A. It does say it's a calf. Okay.
- 3 Q. Had that elephant been poached?
  - A. I don't recall.

- Q. Or was the elephant, did it die as part of a human-elephant conflict?
- 7 A. I can't recall on that one. I don't remember which.
- Q. Dr. Poole, let me show you photograph 25 of 31, Defendant's Exhibit 302A.
- 10 A. Actually, it says human conflict in Amboseli eco system, so
  11 I assume that was from some kind of spearing incident.
- 12 Q. And Dr. Poole, this is photograph 25 to 31, Defense Exhibit
- 13 302A. This says it's a picture of Dyanisis being treated for
- spear wounds. The 63-year-old died a few weeks later in October
- 15 2003. Did I read that correctly?
- 16 A. Yes. He was one of my focal males so I know him very well.
- Q. Is this the disappearing attacks that you were referring to earlier, did the Maasai spear this elephant?
- 19 A. Yeah. He was speared by Maasai, yes.
- Q. And he ultimately died from those spear wounds; is that correct?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- Q. Dr. Poole, let me show you a film clip from Plaintiff's
  we'll call Exhibit 142. It's from the inspection at the Center
  For Elephant Conservation in Polk City, Florida, beginning at 1

hour 25 minutes and 15 seconds and going to one hour 25 minutes and 39 seconds.

(Video playing.)

Dr. Poole, do you recognize this as a film clip from the inspection?

A. I do.

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- Q. And you were present at the inspection, correct?
- A. I was.
  - Q. And in your opinion, that inspection was a "taking" because the elephants were required to perform certain activities with an ankus, such as Zina being asked to raise her foot, correct?
  - A. It was a taking because the elephants were not permitted freedom of movement. I mean, it's within the context of how these elephants are kept. They were not allowed to move forward or backward. They were told to go back in line. They had no, no sense of autonomy in their lives.

And I would like to say that, yes, all those pictures you've shown help show a tragic end to what was otherwise a glorious life in the wild where elephants are free to move. Their days are filled with joy and with things to do, so I find that, I mean, you have to remember that in the range states, elephants are living with very, very poor people, people who can barely find enough food to eat and they are competing with elephants, and yes, there is human-elephant conflict. That's just what they have in this world of ours today, but that

doesn't mean that we should then haul elephants into captivity and abuse them. I think we're talking about, it's, you know, it's apples and oranges here. I think the comparison -- I'm sorry. I think it's ridiculous.

- Q. Dr. Poole, that was a long answer to my question.
- A. I'm sorry.

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- Q. I wanted to confirm that you found in your opinion that an inspection was a "taking," correct?
- A. Correct.

MR. SHEA: I have no further questions at this time, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I have one question before any redirect.

You mentioned yesterday, there was a film shown yesterday, a portion of a film, that appeared to be an elephant -- I'm just trying to think of another word other than "dancing," but it appeared to be an elephant dancing on what appeared to be a --

THE WITNESS: A piano.

THE COURT: A piano, that's right. And you said it was totally abnormal and you drew a conclusion that in order to teach an elephant to do that -- you had an opinion about how this elephant what taught to do that. What was that opinion?

THE WITNESS: One of the things when I first saw that was very early on I remember reading about elephants because

they have these so-called pillar-like legs, the way that the legs are built. There's not much spring in them. And one of the things I always say is elephants cannot jump, so here is this elephant hopping and skipping on the piano there. I just can't imagine. I mean, based on what I have read, I can't imagine how it's done, but I think I have to leave that to people who have trained elephants to tell you.

THE COURT: So you don't have an opinion about the

THE COURT: So you don't have an opinion about the manner in which the elephant was trained to do that?

THE WITNESS: I have one, but since I don't have the expertise, I don't know if I should share it with you.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. You don't have the expertise to?

THE WITNESS: I have never watched and elephant being trained, I have only read about how it's done. I can tell you how I believe that it's done.

THE COURT: What you believe. And you believe what, that the hook was used?

THE WITNESS: Yes. That it's forced to do it.

THE COURT: I just wanted to be clear. I'm sorry. I should have asked that question when I heard the question on direct.

Any redirect?

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MR. SHEA: I have nothing in response to that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Any redirect?

MS. MEYER: Yes, your Honor.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MS. MEYER:

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- Q. Dr. Poole, do you remember yesterday when Mr. Shea asked you whether you had watched the videotape of the Auburn Hills inspection of Nicole and Karen at the time that you wrote your expert report?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Would you please take a look at page 30 of your expert report, and if you would look at paragraph 4 on page 30, and 6 lines down with the sentence that begins, The photographs and video footage? Do you see that sentence?
- 14 A. Yeah, I do.
  - Q. Could you read that sentence, please?
  - A. The photographs and video footage from the inspection of the Blue Unit shows that the pens are quite small and that some of the elephants are even chained while in the pens.
  - Q. And does reading that sentence in your expert report refresh your memory on this subject?
  - A. Yes, it does.
    - Q. What are you referring to in that sentence?
- A. Well, I'm referring to the pens that we observed in the videotape.
  - Q. And which video footage are you referring to?

- A. The Auburn Hills video footage.
- Q. Which inspection was that?
- A. Well, that was the inspection that I did not attend.
  - Q. Which elephants were inspected in that inspection?
  - A. Oh. Sorry. Karen and Nicole.
  - Q. Dr. Poole, during the time that you were involved in the CEC inspection that you went to, did you see any enrichment items given to the Feld Entertainment elephants?
    - A. I did not.

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- Q. How long were you involved in that inspection?
- A. I think it was -- I think it was about, I don't remember
  when we got there actually, maybe around noon, but we were
  outside. Maybe at one o'clock. We went into the barn I
  remember at three.
  - Q. When did you leave the barn?
- 16 A. At 6:30.
  - THE COURT: Enrichment items would consist of what? I think you mentioned --
  - THE WITNESS: In captivity there have been, you know, like a tire or something to pick up and play with. I don't often see elephants playing with any of their enrichment items.
    - THE COURT: Either in circuses or in zoos?
- 23 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 24 BY MS. MEYER:
  - Q. But as I understand your answer, you did not see any

enrichment items?

- A. I did not see any.
- Q. You mentioned in response to Mr. Shea's questioning that your experimental studies that you've done were all published in prestigious journals. Could you tell us what journal you're referring to?

MR. SHEA: Objection; argumentative and leading.

THE COURT: I'll allow the answer.

THE WITNESS: Nature, Current Biology, Biology

Letters. Where was the other? Animal Behavior, I believe.

BY MS. MEYER:

- Q. And why do you say those are prestigious journals?
- A. Well, especially the Nature is -- they're all very difficult to get published in, so to get a paper in Nature is -- yeah, it feels right.
  - Q. And Dr. Poole, why do you believe that baby elephants should not end up in a circus?
  - A. Why do I feel a baby elephant should not end up in the circus?
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. Well, for lots of reasons. Because it's separated from its mother, because it's forced to do -- it's not allowed to have a social life, a normal social life, it doesn't get a chance for social learning from its mothers or members of its family, it's forced to do tricks, unnatural tricks, and it's forced to a life

Jacqueline M. Sullivan, RPR Official Court Reporter

of living on chains and being transported around on trains or, in some other circuses, in trucks.

- Q. And why do you say that the sanctuaries, PAWS, and the elephant sanctuary in Tennessee to not provide full social experience for elephants?
- A. Well, if you look at the full social experience, it would be living with adult males, living with having calfs, and both the sanctuary and -- both sanctuaries -- well, one sanctuary is now having males but they won't be integrated with the females. The other sanctuary doesn't have males, and neither of them are breeding their elephants.
- Q. Is there any other reason that you stated that they don't provide the full social experience for the elephants?
- A. No. That's really the reason.

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MS. MEYER: That's all I have, your Honor.

THE COURT: Any other questions?

MR. SHEA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: I have to ask you this, it probably has nothing to do with this case. Some years ago there was a tsunami and I heard some elephants played a role in the recovery. Did you study that?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, yeah, yeah. In fact, we started to write a paper on it, because the elephants, they're able to pick up seismic vibrations through their feet. I've seen elephants responding to zebras stampeding like two kilometers

away, so they pick up the movement, so they picked up the 1 2 movement of the tsunami coming and ran -- they were captive 3 elephants and they were carrying some tourists as I remember the story, and they ran away from the beach and so saved those 4 5 particular people. And in recovery, do they also not --6 7 THE WITNESS: I think, I think you're right there. 8 THE COURT: Did they roam? 9 THE WITNESS: I think they did go in, but they were probably under someone's control going in. Probably people who 10 were trapped, but I don't remember the specifics of that. 11 12 THE COURT: You said there are sensitivities in their 13 feet that enable them to --THE WITNESS: Yes. 14 THE COURT: What's the impact of the chaining on that 15 ability that they possess in their feet, if any? 16 17 THE WITNESS: Well, I don't know. I mean, it's more -- it's the pad of the foot. I would think it's more what 1.8 would disturb them would be in being in these very loud 19 20 environments. Wherever the circus goes, there's no frequency. 21 Noise --22 THE COURT: But the pads are shaped in captivity, 23 though; is that right?

THE COURT: Does that impact the --

THE WITNESS: The pads are shaped in captivity.

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1	THE WITNESS: I don't know. I don't know the answer
2	to that.
3	THE COURT: Any other questions?
4	MR. SHEA: No, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Anything?
6	MS. MEYER: No, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Have a safe trip home.
8	THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Call your next witness.
10	THE WITNESS: Actually, may I just clarify?
11	THE COURT: Sure, absolutely.
12	THE WITNESS: Am I not allowed to discuss this now?
13	Am I I heard about the blogging, no blogging.
14	THE COURT: We ask that witnesses not discuss their
15	testimony with anyone during the course of the trial.
16	THE WITNESS: Okay.
17	THE COURT: We ask that.
18	THE WITNESS: With family members?
19	THE COURT: Let me hear from counsel. She's
20	testified, she's excused, she's going back home.
21	You're going back to Norway, correct?
22	THE WITNESS: Yes.
23	THE COURT: We certainly ask you that you not speak to
24	any other participants.
25	MR. SIMPSON: I think that's an appropriate direction.

THE COURT: No other participants. 1 2 THE WITNESS: So if I'm off in Norway and I'm talking 3 to my friends, that's fine? THE COURT: That's fine. It's an issue that haunts us 4 5 sometimes. Thank you. Have a safe trip home. THE WITNESS: Thank you very much, your Honor. 6 7 MS. MEYER: Your Honor, can I take a short break? THE COURT: Absolutely. We'll take a ten-minute 8 9 Thank you. No need to stand. COURTROOM DEPUTY: This Honorable Court now stands in 10 a ten-minute recess. 11 (Recess taken at about 11:34 a.m.) 12 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please remain seated and come to 13 order. 14 (Back on the record at about 11:57 a.m.) 15 THE COURT: All right. Counsel, I just had one 16 17 question to ask the doctor. (Dr. Joyce Poole recalled at about 11:57 a.m.) 18 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I just have one question, maybe 1.9 two, depending on your answer, but I think you answered this 2.0 yesterday. I just want to be clear about it. 21 The chaining in the boxcars or the treatment -- you 22 can have a seat -- the chaining, the ankle chaining in the 23 trains, is that in your view a taking? 24 THE WITNESS: Yes. 25

THE COURT: That's what I thought you said. And it's a taking because?

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THE WITNESS: Well, because they have -- they can't do anything.

THE COURT: And it's totally unnatural?

THE WITNESS: It's totally unnatural. I mean, it's just -- it's the most -- for me, it's the most extreme of this whole lifestyle that they live. If you compare how they live in the wild in a family group, on the move continually, their ability to explore, interact with one another, find their own food, search for mates, that sort of picture of elephant life, in this vision fusion society where they're coming together and splitting apart and in communication with one another, to this extreme existence chained in a train.

THE COURT: All right. Forgive me because I'm a layperson so the choice of words may not be precise, but from a behavioralist point of view, is there any emotional sequela or emotional trauma associated with any of these takings?

THE WITNESS: I believe so, absolutely.

THE COURT: What's the basis for your belief?

THE WITNESS: Okay. There was a paper that I wrote, and also that came out in Nature in 2000, about some young elephants who had been -- they were orphans from a could you be so in southern Africa in Krueger. They used to cull the elephants and then they would keep the babies who were under

sort of between two and four years old and those elephants would 1 2 be shipped off to zoos and some of them were used to sort of 3 start founder populations, and one of them was in Pilanesberg National Park, so they dumped I can't remember how many, I think 4 5 it was 830 baby elephants on their own in the park, and 6 everything seemed to be okay for quite a while until some of the 7 young males starting coming into musth, which is this period of heightened sexual and aggressive activity that male elephants go 8 9 into. They usually go into it when they're in there mid-20s or These guys were coming in as teenagers, and the first thing 10 11 they did was to mount and kill rhinos, so it became, since rhinos are an endangered species, it became a huge issue because 12 they were losing rhinos, so they called me down to see what they 13 might do with it, and it's since been -- it's since been decided 14 15 that what these elephants have gone through basically were suffering from posttraumatic stress disorder. There's that. 16 And there's also the lack of any role model, so definitely --17 THE COURT: There is an emotional aspect to it? 18 Absolutely. And I've written several 19 THE WITNESS: papers on emotions in elephants as well. 20 The expression "memory like an elephant," 21 any basis for that? 22 Yes, there is. 23 THE WITNESS:

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THE COURT: What is that? What's the origin of that?

THE WITNESS: Well, for instance, we know from play-

back experiment in Amboseli that elephants are able to remember the voices of up to 200 different individuals. They, we know also from experiments, recent experiment, that through the sense of smell, they have an extraordinary sense of smell, they're able to keep track of where everyone is in the family. That's not the same as the long-term memory, but they're also using long-term memory to remember trails they used to take to old water holes during periods of drought and so on. We also have actually a couple of examples from captivity where elephants have remembered one another after 23 years they had been separated, and I had a case with a male who remembered me after 12 years.

THE COURT: How does that impact the issue of taking, the fact that an elephant has a significant long-term memory ability and you telling me that elephants experience some emotion?

THE WITNESS: Well, I think, for instance, experiences they've had when they were babies, being separated from their mothers, being beaten as babies, being poked with the ankus and stuff, those are things that they're going to carry with them for their life.

THE COURT: That is a taking?

THE WITNESS: Yes, that's a taking.

THE COURT: So the memory aspect is a taking then?

THE WITNESS: Yes, yes.

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THE COURT: That they recall the chainings and the 1 2 beatings? 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. And they are living with that for their entire lives. And not only that, because they have the 4 5 capacity for empathy, you know, empathy has been thought until 6 recently to be a cognitive ability that only humans have, and 7 now we're finding some animals are capable. Elephants are one. THE COURT: 8 That supports your theory that there is 9 posttraumatic stress, though? 10 THE WITNESS: Yes. And, you know, in the case where, 11 and I'm sure you'll hear about it, where Benjamin was being 12 beaten and Karen started rattling her chains, she was responding to that, that calf being beaten. She was upset about it, so 13 it's not only what the animal has experienced itself, but the 14 feelings that it has for others and how they're being treated. 15 THE COURT: All right. It's only fair to ask counsel 16 17 if you have any questions, any follow-up questions. Not at this time, your Honor. 18 MR. SHEA: 19 THE COURT: Well, you better ask them now of this 20 She's about to get on a plane. No other questions? witness. 21 Any questions? 22 No, your Honor. MS. MEYER: All right. Thank you. Thank you very 23 THE COURT:

THE WITNESS: Thank you very much, your Honor.

much. Have a safe trip home.

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MR. CRYSTAL: Your Honor, Howard Crystal for the plaintiffs, and at this time we call Archele Hundley.

THE COURT: All right.

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MS. JOINER: Judge, can we note on the record our objection to the Red Unit witness?

THE COURT: To the what?

MS. JOINER: To the Red Unit witness?

THE COURT: Yes.

Do you know what? Carol raised a point with me during the recess with regards to the film footage, that part and parcels of exhibits that have not been introduced. Does anyone disagree with the monitors just remaining on? I don't want to keep interjecting myself and say move something into the record at that point. If you don't want to that's fine. I don't have any problems with the monitor being on, but does anyone else have a problem with the monitor being on showing film footage that has not been introduced and received in the evidentiary record.

MR. SIMPSON: No objection, your Honor. There will be a number of these things.

THE COURT: That's what I thought, and I didn't want to keep interjecting myself. As long as we have a clear record at the close of this, that's fine, but the rules are we aren't going to show anything on the monitor that hasn't been formally received, but if no one has a problem with that, we'll just keep

1 the monitors on. It will make Carol's job easier as well. 2 We have no objection. MS. MEYER: 3 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please raise your right hand. 4 (Witness sworn by courtroom deputy.) THE WITNESS: I do. 5 THE COURT: Good morning. 6 7 MR. CRYSTAL: Good morning. 8 THE COURT: Oh, is it morning? Good day. 9 ARCHELE HUNDLEY, WITNESS FOR THE PLAINTIFFS, SWORN 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CRYSTAL: 11 12 Q. Please state your name. 13 Archele Hundley. Α. 14 Q. Where do you live? 15 Charlestown, West Virginia. Α. Who do you live with? 16 0. 17 My ex-husband and four kids. Α. 18 Did you grow up in that area? Q. 19 Α. Yes, I did. And did you go to school there? 20 Q. 21 Α. Yes, I did. 22 And have you worked in that area? 0. 23 Yes, I have. Α. What kind of work have you done? 24 0. 25 Security, security officer. Α.

- Q. Ms. Hundley, are you familiar with the Ringling Brothers
  Circus?
- 3 A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. Have you ever worked for the Ringling Brothers Circus?
- 5 A. Yes, I have.
- 6 Q. What unit did you work for?
- 7 A. The Red Unit.
  - Q. How long, how many months did you work for the circus?
    - A. From April to June of 2006.
- 10 Q. What did you do for the circus, Ms. Hundley?
- 11 A. I was one of the animal care providers, one of the animal handlers. I worked with the miniature horses and horses.
- 13 \ Q. What did you do for the horses?
- A. I groomed them and fed, helped to set up animal compounds, and did the animals walks.
- Q. What, if any, experience did you have with grooming horses before you worked at the circus?
  - A. I grew up around horses. My dad breeds and races horses.
  - Q. Ms. Hundley, what hours did you work with when you were working at the circus?
  - A. Oh, usually I think we started about 7:00, 7:30, until about 10:00 at night, 11:00 sometimes. It just depended on how many shows we had that day.
  - Q. Were there other animals at the circus when you worked there?

- 1 A. Yes, there were.
- 2 Q. Could you tell us what animals?
- 3 A. We had elephants, camels, goats, laamas, zebras, cows.
  - Q. About how many elephants were there?
  - A. Ten.
- Q. Did you have a chance to see the elephants while you worked
- 7 there?

- 8 A. Yes, I did.
- 9 Q. How often did you see them?
- 10 A. Every day.
- 11 \ Q. What parts of the day did you see them?
- 12 A. Throughout the day all day long. Their compound was right
- 13 next door to the horses.
- 14 Q. Did you have a chance to get near to the elephants?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Did you ever give the elephants anything?
- 17 | A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. What would you give them?
- 19 A. Candy bars.
- 20 \ Q. Ms. Hundley, do you remember any of the elephants' names?
- 21 | A. There was Luna, Tonka, Banana, Baby, Asia, and Zina. There
- 22 were of course others. I can't think of them right offhand.
- 23 Q. Did you like the elephants, Ms. Hundley?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Why is that?

- A. Oh, they were just such amazing creatures. They each seemed to have their own individual personalities, and they were just so intelligent.
  - Q. Do you feel like you bonded with the elephants while you were there?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. And why is that?
- 8 A. Because I spent a lot of time with them.
- 9 Q. Ms. Hundley, when would you first see the elephants in the morning?
- 11 A. About 7:30 a.m.
- 12 Q. And what would they be doing at that time?
- 13 A. They were chained.
- 14 | Q. What do you mean?
- 15 A. They were in the compound or tent. It just depended

  16 whether they were being housed indoors or outdoors, and they

  17 were chained together.
- 18 Q. Where were the chains on the elephants?
- 19 A. One front leg and one back leg.
  - Q. Were all of the elephants chained?
- 21 A. Yes.

- 22 Q. And when would you see them come off the chains?
- 23 A. They might let them go, I don't know, about 8:30, 9:00.
- Q. And what would happen then?
- 25 A. They walked them around in a circle for about fifteen

- minutes and then they would chain them back up.
  - And then when would they next come off the chains? Q.
- 3 They would come off of the chains again, sometimes they might let them off inside the -- they had like an electrical 5 They might take one or two off of the wire that they put up. 6 chains and let them roam around within the electrical fencing
- 8 0. How long would that be for?

and then hook them back up.

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- Usually about a half hour or so, if that. Α.
- And then when next did you see them off the chains? 0.
  - During the shows and performances. Α.
- 12 0. How long would that be for?
- They didn't stay in the show the entire show. They would 13 walk them in, walk them around in a circle. About five minutes 14 probably, and then they were right back out and chained again. 15
- Would they come off the chains again during a show? 16 0.
- 17 They might. But they were, I'd say they probably weren't Α. 1.8 taken off of the chains but maybe two or three times, and they would just walk around in a circle during the show and come back 19 20 out.
  - And then when you left at the end of the day, where were Q. the elephants?
- 23 Α. Chains.
- So about how many hours a day would you see the elephants 24 25 on the chains?

- 1 A. Gosh.
- 2 Q. Many hours?
- 3 A. Many, many hours. Countless hours.
- 4 Q. You mentioned seeing some of the elephants in closures off
- 5 chains?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- $7 \parallel Q$ . Would they be with other people then?
- 8 A. Yeah. Yeah. There was always a handler close by.
- 9 Q. Were all of the elephants let off the chains in an
- 10 | enclosure?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. Were there some elephants that were never let off the
- 13 chains?
- 14 A. Yeah.
- 15 Q. Did you have an opportunity to see people working with the
- 16 | elephants?
- 17 A. Yeah, yeah.
- 18 Q. And were those people carrying anything when they were
- working with the elephants?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. What would that be?
- 22 A. A bullhook.
- 23 | Q. Ms. Hundley, what's a bullhook?
- 24 | A. It's a torture device, in my opinion, that the circus uses.
- 25 0. What does it look like?

- A. It looks like a fireplace poker. It's a big pole with a large hook at the end.
- Q. Ms. Hundley, I'd like to show you Plaintiff's we'll call
  Exhibit 182 which was admitted into evidence yesterday. If you
  could look at this fixture, do you recognize that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

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- $7 \parallel Q$ . What is that?
- 8 A. Bullhook.
- 9 Q. Thank you. Ms. Hundley, could you tell us the names of the people with whom you were working at the circus who you saw carrying bullhooks?
  - A. We were all usually on like a first-name basis so I didn't get a lot of their last names. But there was Jimmy, Alex Vargus, Sacha Houck, George, Pista. There was another fellow. Actually, there were two other fellows. I don't remember their names.
- 17 Q. All these people carried bullhooks?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you mentioned Sacha?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. What was his position?
- A. He was the head elephant trainer. He was the animal trainer. He was over the animals.
- 24 Q. And then you mentioned Alex Vargas?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. What was his position?
  - A. He was over the staff and compound in general, I think.
  - Q. Was he your immediate supervisor?
    - A. I believe so, yes.
    - Q. And then you mentioned Jimmy?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- 7 Q. What was his position?
- A. He was union. He was the steward with the union, the Teamsters.
- Q. What did he do with the elephants? Did he work with the elephants?
- 12 A. He did work with the elephants.
- Q. And then George and Pista, did they work with the elephants?
  - A. George worked with the elephants if someone were sick or something were to happen, but he mainly was at the barn with the elephants at night.
  - Q. Okay. Ms. Hundley, what did you see these individuals do with the bullhooks?
    - A. I've seen them beat the elephants daily with the bullhooks.
- Q. You say beat the elephants. Where would you see them hit the elephants?
- A. I've seen them jerk them underneath the jaw, I've seen them smack them behind the ear, inside the ear, on the legs, on the back even.

- 1 Q. How often would you see that?
- 2 A. I saw it daily.
- 3 Q. How many times a day?
- 4 A. It just, it depended, you know. It depended on if they
- 5 were having a difficult time with that elephant, if that
- 6 elephant wasn't happy about going into a performance, if it
- 7 wasn't listening very well on just how many times they had to
- 8 hit it or how rough they were with it.
- 9 Q. Was it sometimes more than five times a day?
- 10 | A. Oh, yeah.
- 11 | O. Sometimes more than ten times a day?
- 12 A. Sometimes.
- 13 Q. Did Sacha Houck who you mentioned, did he hit elephants
- 14 | with bullhooks?
- 15 A. Oh, yeah.
- 16 Q. And did Alex Vargus hit elephants with bullhooks?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Did Jimmy hit elephants with bullhooks?
- 19 A. Yes, he did.
- 20 0. Did Pista hit elephants with bullhooks?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And did George hit elephants with bullhooks?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Did anyone tell you why they hit the elephants with
- 25 bullhooks?

1 I was told that in order to keep the elephants submissive Α. 2 that they had to be firm with them in order to keep control of 3 the elephant. And then what parts of the day would you see them hit the 4 5 elephants with bullhooks mostly? MS. JOINER: I'm going to object as vague. 6 7 MR. CRYSTAL: I'm sorry. I'm sorry. BY MR. CRYSTAL: 8 9 The individuals that we've discussed, I was just asking what parts of the day you would see them hit elephants with 10 11 bullhooks. Same objection. 12 MS. JOINER: 13 THE WITNESS: Many times a day. THE COURT: I didn't hear you. What's your objection? 14 The objection is vague. We're just 15 MS. JOINER: talking about individuals. 16 17 THE COURT: Why don't you rephrase it? 18 Was this type of activity confined to a certain portion of the day or not? 19 20 THE WITNESS: No, it wasn't. I saw it every day 21 throughout the day. THE COURT: You say "throughout the day." Throughout 2.2 the, and your day was -- what was your typical day, the length 23 2.4 of your typical day?

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THE WITNESS: From about 7:30 a.m., 8:00, to about

sometimes 10:00, 11:00 at night. It just depended how long the shows went on.

THE COURT: Was the activity confined to a particular hour?

THE WITNESS: A particular time? No. No, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Throughout the day?

THE WITNESS: Throughout the day, yeah.

## BY MR. CRYSTAL:

- Q. Ms. Hundley, now I'd like to discuss the period when the circus was staying in Tulsa, Oklahoma while you worked at the circus. Do you remember that?
- 12 A. Yes.

- Q. Did anything unusual happen with the elephants during that time?
- A. Yeah. We had a two-week layover in Tulsa, Oklahoma.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. When was this, what year?

THE WITNESS: It was in 2006.

THE COURT: All right.

THE WITNESS: We had a two-week layover and the elephants were actually given a bigger pen because we were on the fairgrounds so they were actually able to give them a little more room within the pen and the compound and they actually pulled out a tub, like a bathtub, a pool, for the elephants to play in, which that is the only time that I had ever seen it, and they let about four or five go I think at one time to play

- 1 in the pool.
- 2 BY MR. CRYSTAL:
- 3 Q. What do you mean by "let them go"?
- A. Let them off the chains, let them off the chains to play in the pool. And two of the elephants got into a fight in Tulsa and so they quickly chained the elephants back up, and one of
- 7 the elephants became distressed and she refused the command to
- 8 lie down.

- Q. Where were you standing when this happened?
- 10 A. I was on the side of the tent.
- 11 Q. How far away from the elephants?
- 12 A. Not even probably five feet.
- 13 \ Q. And who was with you?
- 14 A. Ten feet, if that.
- 15 Q. I'm sorry.
- 16 A. Animal crew watched it.
- 17 Q. What happened?
- A. We witnessed Sacha Houck trying to make the elephant lie down on her belly and put up her trunk. All the other elephants had already lied down on their bellies and put their trunk up,
- 21 and this one elephant, she just would not lay down.
- 22 Q. What happened next?
- A. He was hitting her with the bullhook behind the ear, on the
- 24 back on the legs, and she just refused to lie down. He reached
- over and got a bullhook. Alex Vargus was standing there too.

He reached over and he got a bullhook from Alex Vargus and he actually took both bullhooks up onto her back and pulled and she didn't lie down so he then gave, handed it back to Alex. Alex was standing there. I don't know if he was hitting her too, it's kind of vague to me, but he took the bullhook into both of his hands and swung it like a baseball bat into her ear canal and then he pulled down on the handle with all of his body weight.

- Q. How long did that go on?
- 10 A. About 35 to 40 minutes.
  - Q. Ms. Hundley, did you see any blood on the elephant?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- 13 | Q. When did you first see blood?
- A. I first saw blood behind her ear, and then as the beating
  progressed, I saw after he put the bullhook, after he swung the
  bullhook into her ear, blood started dripping from inside of her
  ear and down into her face and onto the ground.
  - Q. And did he keep hitting with the bullhook after he swung it into her ear?
- 20 A. Yes, he did.
  - Q. And did the elephant lie down?
- 22 A. Yes. She eventually did lie down. She shrieked and squealed in pain and eventually she laid down.
- Q. Ms. Hundley, did you complain to anyone at Ringling
  Brothers about the treatment of the elephants?

- A. Continually, continually.
- 2 Q. And what did you tell them?
- 3 A. I told them I didn't think it was necessary.
  - Q. What did they say to you? Well, who did you talk to? I'm sorry.
- A. Well, first I mentioned it to Carrie Coleman. She was the veterinary tech, and she had agreed with me to a point that, yeah, at times she thought it was a little excessive, but yet she felt that it had to be done.
  - Q. Who else did you tell?
- A. Griggs and Belfore. I always get the two names, because I always, you know, Mr. Griggs or Mr. Belfore. It was John or Jason or Jason and John. They were -- one was the production manager and the other one was just one of the main managers.

  I'm not sure specifically sure of fact exactly what all he was
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- 17 Q. What did they say?
- 18 A. They told me to talk to Sacha.
- 19 Q. Did you talk to Sacha?
- 20 A. Yeah, I did.
- 21 Q. And what did he say?
- 22 A. I told me if I didn't like it I could pack my bags.
- Q. Ms. Hundley, we talked a little earlier about seeing the elephants on chains. What would elephants do while they were on their chains?

- A. Sway back and forth.
- Q. Did you see them playing with anything?
- A. One time in Tulsa at the fairgrounds the elephants were chained and I was over there talking to Howard and watching the elephants and he pointed out one of the elephants to me and she was standing there and she was taking her trunk picking at the concrete and there was a small crack there where she had just begun to pick at it, and he said, you know, he said, if you'll watch that, by the end of the week it will be a big hole, and I kept an eye on her and every time I walked by I'd watch and she would pick and pick and pick at it, and sure enough, by the time we left there she had a gigantic hole dug where she had just taken it apart in pieces.
- Q. Did you ever see anyone give the elephants anything to play with?
- 16 | A. No.

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- Q. Ms. Hundley, what would the elephants be standing on when they were chained?
- 19 A. On the cement or concrete.
- 20 Q. Did you ever see them standing on grass?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 Q. Ms. Hundley, how did the animals travel between cities?
- 23 A. By train.
- 24 \ Q. Did you travel on the train as well?
- 25 A. Yes, I did.

- Q. And what was the longest train ride between cities that you can remember?
- 3 A. From Worster, Massachusetts, to Tulsa, Oklahoma.
  - Q. How long was that ride?
    - A. Three days.

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- Q. And did the elephants leave the train during those three days?
- A. No. No. Right before we got in to Tulsa, Oklahoma right at the borderline they did, but for the entire three days they were on the train.
- 11 Q. Did the train stop during the three days?
- A. It stopped once a day to feed and water for about ten -
  about fifteen minutes probably; ten, fifteen minutes.
  - Q. And did you see the elephant cars at the end of that trip?
- 15 A. Yes.
  - Q. Did you see the inside of the elephant cars?
- 17 A. Yes, I did.
- 18  $\square$  Q. Why did you see that?
  - A. Well, whenever we got to the borderline before we entered into Tulsa, Oklahoma we stopped the train and let the elephants off because they had been on them for three days and they wanted to clean the stockcars before we got into Tulsa.
  - Q. Did you help clean the stockcars?
- 24 A. Yes, I did.
  - Q. What did you see inside the train?

- Α. The manure was just up passed my ankles. The urine smell was unbelievable. The ammonia smell was so bad it burned your eyes and nose. It was terrible.
  - Was the manure and urine in the places where the elephants had been standing?
  - It was kind of spread throughout, I quess where they Α. had been walking, kind of not walking on it, but standing on it and moving back and forth.
- What did it smell like? Ο.
- Ammonia and manure. As I said, it just burned my eyes and 1.0 Α. 11 nose.
- Ms. Hundley, did you see anyone inspect the circus while 12 Q. 13 you worked there?
- One time. 14 Α.
- Did anyone talk to you about the inspection before it 15 Q. 16 happened?
- 17 Α. Yes.

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- 0. Who was that?
- Carrie Coleman. 1.9 Α.
- 20 What did she tell you? Q.
- We were planning to go out to lunch the next day and she 21 Α. told us the day prior to that she didn't know if she was going 22 to be able to go or not because the investigators were supposed 23 to come out and check out the elephants, so to try not to include her because she didn't know if she was going to be able

- to go. And sure enough, eight a.m. the next morning she said,
  yeah, I'm not going to be able to make lunch. The USDA is
  supposed to be here a little after noon to come and look at the
  - Q. And did they come?
- 6 A. Yes, they did.

elephants.

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- 7 | Q. Ms. Hundley, why did you leave working at the circus?
- 8 A. Because of the abuse, the animal abuse that goes on there.
- 9 It was heartbreaking.
- 10 | Q. And did you file for Unemployment when you left?
- 11 A. Yes, sir, I did.
- 12 Q. And how long after you left was that?
- 13 A. Oh, I don't know. About a couple weeks maybe.
- 14 Q. Where had you gone, where were you at that point?
- 15 | A. I was in Charlestown, West Virginia.
- 16 | Q. And did you tell Unemployment why you had left your job?
- 17 A. Yes, I did.
- 18 Q. What did you tell them?
- A. Because of the animal abuse that I witnessed when I was
- 20 there.
- Q. Ms. Hundley, did you sign a sworn statement about what you
- 22 saw while you were at the circus?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And do you remember how long after you left that that
- 25 happened?

- 1 A. Maybe not even a month.
- Q. And you mentioned earlier the USDA. Is that the Department of Agriculture?
  - A. Yes, yes.
  - Q. And did you ever tell people from the Department of Agriculture what you saw when you worked at the circus?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Did you sign a sworn statement for the Department of Agriculture about what you saw at the circus?
- 10 A. Yes, I did.
  - MR. CRYSTAL: Your Honor, now I'd like to show Ms. Hundley Defense Exhibit 125, which is very similar to one of our exhibits. It just has one minor difference.
- 14 THE COURT: All right.
- 15 BY MR. CRYSTAL:
  - Q. Ms. Hundley, if you could take a moment to read through the document and just indicate when you're done looking at each page, because I'd like you to look at the whole thing. You can just say you're ready.
- 20 A. Yeah. Yeah. Yes. That's my initials, yeah, on the bottom of the page?
  - Q. I'm sorry, what did you say?
- 23 A. Yeah, that's correct.
  - Q. Those are your initials, is that what you said?
- 25 A. Yeah, yeah, yeah.

- 1 Ο. Can we go to the last page? 2 Α. Yeah. 3 Yes, all right. Ms. Hundley, do you recognize this document? 4 0. 5 Α. Yes, I do. Is that your signature that we're looking at? 6 Q. 7 Α. Yes, it is. 8 And what's the date there, do you see that? 9 12/13/06. Α. 10 That's the date by your initials, yes, right. What's the date right below your signature? Do you see that, where it says 11 12 "subscribed and sworn"? 13 Yes, I do see that. Α. 14 So what's that date? 0. 15 The 29th of September. Α. And is that when you signed this declaration? 16 Q. 17 Α. Yes. 18 And now I'd like to go back to page two, paragraph six, of 19 the declaration. And if you could read for us that paragraph. I'm going to object. This is hearsay. 20 MS. JOINER:
- THE COURT: What's your response? 21

MR. CRYSTAL: My response is that this is a prior

consistent statement of Ms. Hundley.

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THE COURT: It is.

MS. JOINER: There's been no impeachment at this

point.

THE COURT: What about that?

MR. CRYSTAL: I assume there could be. I can do this on redirect.

THE COURT: Do you know what? I'll provisionally allow it. I presume there will be as well. This is one of defendant's exhibits. It's going to come in at some point. I'll provisionally admit it at this time.

MR. CRYSTAL: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Subject to the appropriate foundation being laid.

MR. CRYSTAL: Thank you.

THE COURT: It is a prior consistent statement, but indeed there's not been impeachment, but I can anticipate impeachment.

THE WITNESS: We had a two-week fair -- well, we had a two-week layover at the fairgrounds in Tulsa, Oklahoma between May 25th and June 6th. Three elephants got into a fight. Two of the elephants were Banana and Baby, and I believe the third one was Tonka. I observed Sacha Houck, as he tried to make the elephants lie down on their bellies and put up their trunk, Baby was distressed and she kept getting up and refused to lie down. Sacha smacked her with the bullhook repeatedly behind the ear and on the leg. He then hooked Baby behind the ear holding the bullhook with both hands and pulled with all of his body weight.

Baby refused to go down. Sacha then inserted the bullhook into Baby's ear canal and, holding the bullhook's handle with both hands, again pulled down with all of his weight. This incident lasted for approximately 30 to 45 minutes. Baby bled profusely from inside the ear and behind the ear. She squealed in pain

three or four times and let out a loud, shrill shriek.

- Q. Thank you, Ms. Hundley. Ms. Hundley, now I'd like to show you what's Defendant's Exhibit 126. And if you could, let's get that up. If you could also, as before, take a moment to read through this document and indicate when you've taken a look at
  - A. Okay. Okay. All right. Okay. Okay.
- Q. Oh, you're not done. Sorry. Is that it?

  Ms. Hundley, do you recognize this document?
- 15 A. Yes, I do.

each page.

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- 16 Q. Is that your signature?
- 17  $\blacksquare$  A. Yes, sir, it is.
- Q. What's the date on this document, if you can see at the bottom?
- 20 A. It is the 13th of December.
- 21 \ Q. And what's the year there?
- 22 A. 2006.
- 23 Q. What is this document?
- A. It's the affidavit that was used with the -- that I gave to Frank Kaiser.

- Q. Who's Frank Kaiser?
- A. He was a USDA agent.
- Q. If you could go to the back quickly to page paragraph 16, this is on page 4, if you could just read that first sentence.
  - A. Investigator Kaiser has shown me a copy of my notarized declaration made September 29th, 2006.
    - Q. Is that the declaration that we were looking at?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Now if you could please keep reading that paragraph.
- A. I have reviewed this document, initialed the bottom of each page. I have reviewed and can attest that it is an exact copy
- 12  $\parallel$  of the declaration I made under oath on that date.
- 13 Q. Keep reading, please.
- 14 A. I should point out that I no longer live in Sincinville,
- 15 | West Virginia. In addition, there are corrections that I need
- 16 to point out in the declaration. They are as follows: Sacha
- did not insert the hook into the ear canal of Baby. He actually
- 18 swung the bullhook into the ear canal with full force.
- 19 Q. Thank you very much. Is what we've read, what you've read
- 20 us from this declaration, accurate?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Is what we've read from the prior declaration accurate?
- 23 A. Oh, yeah.
- 24 \ Q. The earlier one that we read?
- 25 A. Well, other than I guess --

1 Q. The parts that we read earlier, I was just asking you if 2 that was accurate? 3 Oh, yes, yes, yes, yes. 4 MR. CRYSTAL: So your Honor, I would move these two 5 exhibits into evidence. THE COURT: Objection? 6 7 MS. JOINER: No objection at this time. MR. CRYSTAL: I suggest that we call them, they're 8 9 tied to our Exhibit 114. So she can be 114A and 114B, if that's 10 all right. (Plaintiffs' Exhibit Nos. 114A and 114B were admitted 11 12 into evidence at about 12:31 p.m.) 13 BY MS. JOINER: 14 Just a few more questions, Ms. Hundley. Thank you? 0. Ms. Hundley, do you know a group called the People For 15 the Ethical Treatment of Animals? 16 17 Yes, I do. Α. 18 Did you talk to that group before you went to work for the 19 circus? 20 Α. No. Did you ever talk to that group while were you working for 21 22 the circus?

> Jacqueline M. Sullivan, RPR Official Court Reporter

Did you talk to that group after you worked for the circus?

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Q.

Α.

No.

Yes, I did.

- 1 Q. And when was that?
- 2 A. I don't know. About a month or so after I quit the circus.
- 3  $\parallel$  Q. What did you tell them?
- 4 A. I told them about the abuse and the things that I had
- 5 witnessed while I was with Ringling Brothers, that I wanted to
- 6 get some sort of help for the elephants and the animals there.
- 7 Q. Did you do any work with them?
- 8 A. Yes.

- Q. What did you do?
- 10 A. I've talked to various legislators in hearings and, you
- 11 know, conferences and --
- 12 | Q. Have you traveled with them?
- 13 | A. I have.
- 14 \ Q. Where have you gone?
- 15 | A. Gosh. I've been many places. I can't even say where all.
- 16 Q. Did you ever let them film you?
- 17 A. Yes, I did.
- 18 0. What was that?
- 19 A. It was a public service announcement.
- 20 | Q. Did PETA pay you for the work that you did for them?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 Q. Ms. Hundley, have you ever gone back to the Red Unit since
- 23 you worked at the circus?
- 24 A. Yes, I have.
- 25 Q. When was that?

- 1 A. In Kentucky.
- 2 Q. How long after you left?
- 3 A. Several months.
- 4 Q. And why did you go back?
- A. I went back because I wanted to try to get some film of the
- $6 \parallel$  abuse that I witnessed while I was with Ringling Brothers.
- 7 Q. Did you film while you were there?
- 8 A. Yes, I did.
- 9 Q. Whose idea was that?
- 10 A. Mine.
- 11 Q. Did you work with PETA on that?
- 12 A. The equipment came from PETA, yes, it did.
- Q. And did you film -- I'm sorry, you answered that. Thank you.
- 15 I just have a few more questions.
- Ms. Hundley, do you know Robert Tom?
- 17 | A. Yes, I do.
- 18 Q. How do you know him?
- 19 A. I worked with him on the Red Unit.
- 20 Q. Did he do good work while were you there?
- 21 A. He did.
- 22 \ Q. Do you know Margaret Tom?
- 23 | A. Yes, I do.
- 24 | Q. Who is she?
- 25 A. She was his wife and she worked back stage.

- Did you observe her to do good work while you worked there? 1 Q. 2 Α. Yes, I did. 3 Have you seen them since you left the circus? Q. 4 Α. Yes, I have. 5 Q. Where did you see them? 6 I saw them a couple of times. Maybe once in Chicago at a 7 hearing. 8 Just a couple more questions. 9 Ms. Hundley, did you ever take your kids to see the circus before you worked there? 10 11 Α. Yes. 12 How often did you do that? Q. 13 Α. Every year. 14 Would you take your kids to see a circus now? 0. 15 Α. No, I wouldn't. Why not? 16 0. 17 Because of the abuse that goes on. Α. MR. CRYSTAL: I have no further questions at this 1.8 19 time, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: All right. Cross-examination? 21 MS. JOINER: May it please the Court. Sure. Good afternoon. 22 THE COURT: 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION
  - BY MS. JOINER:

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Q. Ms. Hundley, you worked on the Red Unit for approximately

- 1 | two months; is that correct?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- Q. I'd like to look at Defense Exhibit 59, please. This is on page 36 of the PDF, and you started in Charlestown; is that
- 5 right?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- Q. So if we can blow this up a little bit, that's line 12, and you started at the end of Charlestown, which would have
- 9 approximately April 22nd, 2006; is that right?
- 10 | A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. And the elephant fight that happened during the layover was approximately at the end of May; is that correct?
- A. I'm not real sure of the dates. I think it was in actually -- yeah, yeah, maybe. I'm not real sure.
- Q. Okay. Well, looking here, that break in Tulsa was between, you'll see, between line 16 and 17. That break was May 24th through June 4th of 2006; is that correct?
- 18 A. Which break was you talking about?
- 19 | O. Look between line 16 and 17.
  - A. Oh, okay. Yeah, I see it now.
- 21 Q. Correct?

- 22 A. Yeah, that's probably about right.
- Q. Okay. And Tulsa is where you had made up your mind to quit
- 24 because you just couldn't do it any longer; is that right?
- 25 A. I couldn't handle much more of it in Tulsa, but I was ready

- 1 to quit actually after about the first week or two.
- Q. Okay. But it was in Tulsa that you had decided you had witnessed too much and you just couldn't take it anymore, right?
  - A. Yeah, that was pretty bad in Tulsa.
- Q. You reached the point where you said that's it, I've had enough?
- 7 A. Pretty much, yeah.
- Q. And you made that decision after you had finally complained to management and everyone that you could, correct?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. Who do you mean by "management"?
- 12 A. Well, Jason or Griggs, Belfore, Carrie Coleman. I talked 13 to Alex Vargus and Sacha Houck.
- Q. But you never called the animal control authorities, did you?
- 16 **∥** A. No.

- 17 Q. And you never called the police, did you?
- 18 A. No.
- Q. And you never contacted the PETA videographer that was following the Red Unit, did you?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. And you had apparently observed the PETA staffers on the road quite a bit?
- 24 | A. Um-hmm.
- Q. And you could have done any of that at any time, couldn't

1 you?

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- A. Well, yeah. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. And despite the fact that you could have done that at any time, you then went to a press conference in November of 2006 and said that Ringling had prohibited you from doing that, didn't you?
  - A. Yes, you could say that, yeah.
    - Q. That's what happened, you told a reporter that you had to sign an agreement to never talk to anybody and could be sued or terminated for talking to anybody other than management, isn't that what you said at a press conference?
    - A. Well, yeah. That's true, that's true.
  - Q. It's true that you had to sign such an agreement?
- 14 | A. Yeah.
  - O. What did it look like?
  - A. We were told never to talk to USDA, never to talk to any kind of animal rights, any kind of animal group; if he were caught talking to them, that we would be thrown off the train.
  - Q. That's not my question. My question is: You said that you signed an agreement to that effect at the time you were hired, correct?
  - A. We signed an agreement. I signed an agreement actually that basically said if I had any known, anything like the animal rights groups, if you were ever hurt or knew or even belonged to an animal rights group, that you wouldn't be and couldn't be

1 hired by Ringling Brothers.

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- Q. Okay. I'd like to go now to Defense Exhibit 2830. This is a press conference from November 14th of 2006. And you remember spiking at a press conference that PETA held in Chicago at that time, correct?
- A. I've talked to so many I'm not sure. I'm sure probably so.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's set the scene. Let's go -- we'll begin at just 01 of the clip?

(Video played.)

- Q. Now if we could stop that for a moment. Would you identify where you're sitting?
- 12 A. I'm on the right-hand side.
- 13 Q. Okay. Who's the person in the middle, please?
- 14 A. That's Margaret Tom.
- 15 Q. And what's the person on the far left?
- 16 A. That's Robert Tom.
- 17 Q. Okay. Now, do you recall being at this press conference?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- 19  $\parallel$  Q. All right. Let's go to clip 1747 to 1815.

(Video played.)

- 21 So my question is: What did that agreement look like?
- A. Well, it was -- there was a signed agreement, like I said,
  with basically stating that you didn't belong to any animal
  rights organizations, is what I was referring to, but we were
- 25 told -- that's confusing. That we were told that you couldn't

1 actually talk to any of the investigators or anybody to not talk 2

to them, if you were caught talking to them they would fire you.

We were warned verbally, continually, you know.

- 4 0. So there was no written agreement?
  - Α. No.

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- 0. Is that correct?
- 7 I don't know that there was. I don't really recall that Α. 8 there was.
- 9 Q. Thank you. Let's go back to Exhibit 589, please, which is 10 the schedule. All right. So even though you had had enough, you waited at least two more weeks before you actually left the 11
- 12 Red Unit on June 17th, 2006, isn't that right?
- 13 Α. Yes.
- So you stayed on with the circus and you went to Oklahoma 14 15 city, isn't that right?
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 And then you went to San Antonio?
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 In fact, you didn't leave until the end of the San Antonio 20 run, correct?
- 21 Towards the middle of San Antonio. I'm not real sure Α. 22 exactly the dates of when I left.
- Well, it was at least two weeks after the incident that 23 24 you've described in Tulsa?
- 25 Α. Um-hmm.

- Q. And that was, despite the fact that you were a, by then, quote, "a nervous wreck" because of the treatment of the elephants, isn't that correct?
  - A. Yeah, that's definitely correct. I was a nervous wreck after the first two weeks.
- Q. And you spent another two weeks after you had had enough in Tulsa and you were jumpy and nervous of everything around you?
  - A. Yeah, I was.
  - Q. All right. And as you said, you began feeling that way a week-and-a-half after joining Ringling, correct?
- 11 A. Um-hmm.

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- 12 Q. And you felt that way the whole time that you were there?
- 13 | A. Yeah.
- Q. All right. And despite all of this, you took time to go sight-seeing to the Alamo in San Antonio before you left the circus, didn't you?
- 17 A. Oh, yeah.
- Q. And then after returning home to Charlestown, you waited for at least another two weeks before calling PETA?
- 20 A. Yeah, probably.
- Q. Okay. And even though by then were you having major symptoms, isn't that correct?
- 23 | A. Yeah.
- Q. Yeah. You claim that by then were you having daily anxiety attacks at Ringling, right?

- A. Well, yeah, um-hmm.
- Q. And you also claim that some of these involved a tightness in your chest?
- 4 | A. Yes.

- Q. And you also told me at the time of your deposition that
- 6 you had had at least ten of them since you left Ringling?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. You symptoms also included nightmares and nervousness?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And those nightmares started while you were at Ringling,
- 11 correct?
- 12 A. Yes, they did.
- Q. And then they got so bad when you got home that they woke you up night?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. And for all of these symptoms you never sought any medical treatment?
- 18 A. Yeah. Actually, I have.
- 19 | Q. Okay. At the time of your deposition you had not.
  - A. I was going through some treatment, yeah.
- 21 Q. All right. Let's go to page 150.
- 22 Let me back up a minute.
- You do remember that I took your deposition in this case in December of 2007?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And you were deposed in Charlestown, West Virginia?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And were you represented by your attorneys at Squad and Arbs for it?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you understood that you took an oath and swore to tell the truth at that time?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. And you also reviewed and signed your deposition transcript, isn't that correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. And there was no reason at that time that you could not testify truthfully and accurately?
- 14 A. No, there wasn't.
  - Q. Okay. So let's go back to page 150 of your deposition, please. At line 15 I ask: And what kind of medical treatment have you had for this?

Answer: Nothing. This has been my medical treatment, I think, going out and talking to legislators and trying to get some changes made. I think it's helped me a lot being able to go places and try to, you know, get something done for these animals that are so mistreated?

A. And that is exactly the treatment I've gotten. It has helped me tremendously to do these things and try to stop the abuse that goes on at the circus.

- Q. So you've had no medical treatment?
- A. No, no medical treatment.
- Q. And you've never had any medication for these symptoms that you had?
  - A. No.

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- Q. You mentioned when your counsel asked if you had filed for Unemployment when you returned home?
- 8 A. I'm sorry?
  - Q. You had mentioned with your counsel that you had filed for Unemployment when you returned home; is that correct?
- 11 A. Yes, yes.
- Q. And in the sequence of events, did you do that before or after you contacted PETA?
- 14 A. Before.
- 15 Q. Okay. And your request for Unemployment was denied?
- 16 A. It was. I pulled it out.
- 17 Q. Why did you pull it out?
- A. Because I was afraid -- I was going to go to Kentucky and I
  was going to be wearing some hidden cameras, so I was afraid if
- 20 I didn't hurry up and pull it that the Ringlings would find out.
- 21 Q. I see. So you applied for it before you talked to PETA?
- 22 A. Um-hmm.
- Q. And your testimony is you knew that you were going to go
- 24 back to Ringling Brothers with hidden cameras before you ever
- 25 | talked to PETA?

- A. Well, it took -- it took several months of it to go through actually through the court system there, so I when I initially signed up for my Unemployment, no, I hadn't talked to PETA, but later on as the months, as a couple months went by I had, so I pulled it out, yeah. I went ahead and pulled it out.
- Q. And you're aware, of course, that you cannot receive unemployment if you quit your job?
- A. Well, yeah.

Well, I'm not real sure. I mean, I guess it depends upon the circumstances.

- Q. Okay. And you filed for Unemployment even though you had called your old boss, John Bellamy at U.S. Security Associates, while you were in San Antonio to tell him that you were coming back?
- A. Um-hmm.
- Q. And in San Antonio he said come on back, we'll be glad to have you?
  - A. Yeah, yeah, and that's exactly what I planned on doing. It was going back, and whenever I got back to West Virginia they didn't have anything available right away. It took a couple weeks to find work for me, yes.
  - Q. From the time that you called him in San Antonio and he said come back to the time that you arrived in Charleston there was no job?
  - A. Yeah.

- Q. How long did that trip take, from San Antonio to Charlestown?

  A. A couple days.
  - Q. And it is your testimony that you deny contacting PETA in the hopes that they would give you anything for talking to them; is that correct?

MR. CRYSTAL: Objection, your Honor. I don't understand.

THE COURT: I'm sorry?

MR. CRYSTAL: I didn't understand the question.

THE COURT: Did you understand it?

THE WITNESS: Not completely, no.

THE COURT: Why don't you rephrase that?

MS. JOINER: Sure.

#### BY MS. JOINER:

- Q. Let me phrase it this way: Did you contact PETA after you had returned home to Charlestown in the hopes that they would give you anything for talking to them?
- A. No.

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- Q. Now, when you finally called PETA in Charlestown they returned your phone call on the same day and you spoke to Debbie Leahi for over an hour, correct?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. And you continued to have many more conversations with Ms.
- 25 Leahi that summer?

A. Yes, I did.

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- Q. And during those conversations with her, that's when you decided to try to get rehired with the Red Unit?
  - A. I had actually always -- I had always, I guess, wanted to try to get -- I always felt bad because I never did really try to get any kind of footage or anything before I left Ringling Brothers.
  - Q. Was it your idea to wear the hidden camera?
  - A. Yes, it was.
- 10 Q. And your plan was to work there for a few weeks?
- A. Actually I didn't think it would take a few weeks. I

  figured it would probably take a couple days, as abusive as they

  are, but I was willing to stay as long as I needed to.
  - Q. Well, let's go to page 199 of your deposition, line 17.

    The question was asked: How long were you planning to work there if you had been rehired?

Answer: A few weeks. I knew it wouldn't take more than a few weeks to get video footage of abuse.

Was that your testimony?

- A. That is.
- Q. So you needed a few weeks to get footage for PETA even though you claim that you saw constant, daily abuse?
- 23 A. Yeah.
  - Q. And you claim that you needed a few weeks to get footage even though you claim that the elephants were in chains 90 to 95

- 1 percent of the time?
- 2 A. Yeah, but, you know, I wasn't very familiar with the
- 3 cameras and just what I was videotaping or if I was getting
- 4 anything, so I didn't know how long it would take. I just had
- 5 no clue.
- Q. Okay. Just the thought of returning to the Red Unit itself
- 7 gave you nightmares, didn't it?
- 8 A. Yes, it did.
- 9 | Q. Extreme anxiety?
- 10 A. Yes, it did.
- 11 Q. And uncertainty of what might happen if you were caught
- 12 wearing that hidden camera?
- 13 A. That's right.
- 14 Q. After you came up with this plan with PETA in mid-August
- 15 you returned once to the Red Unit to try to get rehired; is that
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And that was in Lexington, Kentucky?
- 19 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 20 Q. So if we look back on the schedule, a few weeks down, it
- 21 was sometime between the time period of August 17th and August
- 22 20th in 2006; is that correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Okay.
- MS. JOINER: And your Honor, what I'd like to do is

when we get back tonight, just for purposes of identification we'll print out the way we've highlighted the colors here and we'll mark that as Exhibit 305 just for purposes of identification.

THE COURT: That's fine.

Let me just ask you, I'm not trying to curtail your

Let me just ask you, I'm not trying to curtail your examination, I'm asking how much time do you need to finish, because at some point we need to break for lunch. I just want to be sensitive to that.

MS. JOINER: I probably have at least a half hour, I think.

THE COURT: That's fine. We can't finish obviously before one. Let's just break now for lunch and we'll start again at two o'clock.

For planning purposes, how many other witnesses this afternoon?

MS. MEYER: We're hoping to get through two more witnesses, if possible, your Honor.

THE COURT: That's fine. How much time do you estimate their direct or your direct to be of those witnesses?

MR. CRYSTAL: The first one will be about the same as Ms. Hundley, so half hour, 45 minutes.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. MEYER: The second will be probably around 45 minutes.

THE COURT: That's fine. We can certainly do that. We'll break until two. We'll start promptly at --there's a glare on that clock. It's not quite one o'clock, I don't think. We'll start promptly at two o'clock. Actually 2:10. The cafeteria closes at two and there are other trials going on in the courthouse. I have to ask you, please do not discuss your testimony with anyone. THE WITNESS: Oh, absolutely not. THE COURT: Thank you. (A luncheon recess was taken at about 12:53 p.m.) 

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CERTIFICATE I, JACQUELINE M. SULLIVAN, Official Court Reporter, certify that the foregoing pages are a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. JACQUELINE M. SULLIVAN 

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